

Findings from the HWR National Surveys 2020 and 2021

Palmerston North, New Zealand





#### Report contributors

Joanne Allen, Tasnima Akter, Tahlia Studdart, Brendan Stevenson, Fiona Alpass, Christine Stephens.

#### Correspondence to

Christine Stephens c.v.stephens@massey.ac.nz

Copyright © Massey University 2022

This research was funded by the Health Research Council of New Zealand (HRC) COVID-19 Equity Response Project Grant 20/1384.

Health and Ageing Research Team School of Psychology Massey University Private Bag 11 222 Palmerston North 4442 New Zealand

Tel: 0800 100 134

Email: hart@massey.ac.nz Website: hart.massey.ac.nz





## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1.	Execu	tive Summary	3	Appendix 1:	Data Analysis Results	1
1.1.	Key Fir	ndings	4			
2.	Metho	od	6	Appendix 2:	Standardised Measures used in the Analyses	2
		•			Outcome Variables	28
3.	DESCR	RIPTIVE findings	7		Moderator Variables	30
3.1.		-19 Diagnosis	7		References	3
3.2.		ported negative impacts and effect COVID-19 Pandemic	:s 7	Appendix 3:	2021 Questionnaire Items	3
3.3.		of COVID-19 pandemic on wellbein and overseas whānau	g 8			
3.4.	Vaccin COVID	ations: Seasonal flu and 1-19	9			
3.5.		1-19: Work, retirement, and nment assistance	10			
3.6.	Works	status	11			
3.7.	Indica	tors of wellbeing	11			
3.8.	Indicate ethnic	tors of wellbeing by sex and ity	12			
	3.8.1.	Indicators of wellbeing across waves for males and females	12			
	3.8.2.	Indicators of wellbeing across waves for Māori and non-Māori	12			
3.9.	_	es in indicators of wellbeing for the hronic health conditions	se 13			
3.10.	_	es in indicators of wellbeing for glevels of social support	14			
3.10A.		ange in indicators of wellbeing for living alone	15			
2 1 1	Llaalth	Poboviours	16			

## **1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**



There was a 3.2% **decrease** in those working.

Workers were more likely to report reduction in life satisfaction than non-workers.



Just **over three quarters**<sup>1</sup> (of the sample aged **56-93**) have been vaccinated against COVID.

**19.2%** of respondents have **never had the seasonal flu vaccine**, but **most**<sup>2</sup> get it every year.



Changes in all indicators of wellbeing were

Those with **chronic conditions** and **lower social suppor**t were more likely to report reductions in indicators of wellbeing.



Most people reported that the pandemic had no negative impact on their **physical health** (70.6%) or **economic wellbeing** (61.8%).

Half reported no impact on **mental health** (50.4%).

Only **0.3%** of the sample have had COVID-19.



Surprisingly, those who **live with others** were more likely to report changes in indicators of **wellbeing**<sup>3</sup> than those **who live alone**.

The only significant change for those **living** alone was an **increase in loneliness**, slightly higher than for those living with others<sup>4</sup>.



The percentage of people who were **moderately physically active decreased** by just under 2%

The proportion of regular smokers decreased from 7.7% in 2020 to 5.17%

There was a very small decrease in risky alcohol use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>75.7% of the sample have been vaccinated against COVID-19.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 64.7% of the sample receive the seasonal flu vaccine every year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Physical health ( $\downarrow$ 0.7), mental health ( $\downarrow$ 0.8), life satisfaction ( $\downarrow$ 0.05), and depression ( $\uparrow$ 0.5).

 $<sup>^4 \</sup>uparrow$  0.31 for those living alone,  $\uparrow$  0.17 for those living with others.

#### 1.1 KEY FINDINGS



#### **SELF REPORTED IMPACTS**

Physical health and economic wellbeing: A majority of respondents (aged 56-93) reported that the COVID-19 pandemic had no negative impact on their physical health (70.6%) or economic wellbeing (61.8%). At the time of the survey in 2021, less than 1% of respondents had been told that they have COVID-19 by a health professional or government health agency.

**Mental health:** 14.4% of respondents reported that the pandemic had a moderate to extreme negative impact on their mental health.

**Volunteering activities and ability to provide care:** The majority of respondents indicated that the pandemic had no negative impact on their volunteering activities (66.1%) or ability to provide care for health reasons to friends, family or whānau (59.5%).

**Wellbeing of whānau:** Participants generally reported that the COVID-19 pandemic had a greater impact on the wellbeing of overseas whānau than on NZ-based whānau.



## EFFECTS OF THE PANDEMIC ON WELLBEING INDICATORS

On average, changes in all indicators of wellbeing were minimal. There was no significant difference in anxiety and quality of life for these older people between 2020 and 2021. There were very small average decreases in physical health (which are expected as people age), and also very small decreases in mental health and life satisfaction, and similarly small increases in depression and loneliness.

Which groups were affected? There were very few differences in the means across demographic groups. However, there were consistent changes for people with low social support and those reporting chronic health conditions.

**Social Support:** Those with low social support showed consistently significant reductions in physical health, mental health and life satisfaction between 2020 and 2021, with a corresponding increase in depression and loneliness. There were no significant differences across waves in wellbeing indicators for those with high social support.

**Chronic Conditions:** Individuals reporting three or more diagnosed chronic health conditions also showed consistent reductions in physical health, mental health and life satisfaction across 2020 and 2021, with increases in depression and loneliness. There were no significant changes in indicators of wellbeing for those with no chronic conditions.



#### **ISOLATION AND LONELINESS**

An unexpected finding, because it is contrary to common expectations about the effects of the pandemic on older people, was that those living alone were consistently less likely to report significant changes in most indicators of wellbeing. It was those who lived with others who were more likely to report reductions in physical health, mental health and life satisfaction, and increases in depression, rather than those living alone. The only significant relationship with indicators of wellbeing for those living alone was an increase in loneliness, which was slightly greater than the increase in loneliness for those who live with others.



#### **HEALTH RELATED BEHAVIOURS**

There was also very little change in health-related behaviours in expected directions.

**Smoking:** The proportion of the sample who are regular smokers decreased from 7.7% in 2020 to 5.17% in 2021. For Māori, the proportion of regular smokers decreased by 5.1%.

**Alcohol use:** There was a very small decrease in risky alcohol use (-0.12).



#### **WORK FORCE ENGAGEMENT**

Changes in employment rates were the greatest apparent effect of the pandemic on older people in Aotearoa. The proportion of unemployed respondents increased from 52.8% in 2020 to 56% in 2021.

Just over half of respondents were engaged in paid employment since the declaration of the pandemic (53%). Some had a reduction in their hourly wage or salary (9.4%), reduction in their hours (12.3%), or lost or left their job over this period (9.9%).

Most respondents reported that COVID-19 played no factor in their retirement or decision to retire (88.3%).

**COVID-19 hardship assistance:** Some type of hardship assistance because of COVID-19 (including government assistance to support their business or welfare benefits, material assistance from nongovernment organisations, assistance from lenders and Kiwisaver hardship withdrawal) was received by 27% of respondents.



#### **VACCINATION UPTAKE**

Reasons for not getting vaccinated included but were not limited to: belief that it is too soon to see whether the vaccine will provide long term protection; concern about vaccine implications for health; concern about known and unknown side effects; and insufficient information regarding safety, side effects and efficacy.

**Seasonal flu vaccine:** The majority of respondents get their seasonal flu vaccine every year (64.7%), but just under one in five respondents have never had a seasonal flu vaccine (19.2%).

**COVID-19 vaccination uptake:** Just over three quarters of respondents had been vaccinated against COVID-19 (75.7%). The majority of unvaccinated intended to either probably (11.3%) or definitely (63.5%) get vaccinated.

## 2 METHOD

The New Zealand Health, Work & Retirement (HWR) longitudinal biennial survey aims to track and describe factors associated with health and wellbeing in the older New Zealand population. HWR participant cohorts have been drawn from random samples of those aged over 55 years listed on the New Zealand electoral roll. In 2006 (and in additional refresh samples in 2018, and 2020) the population sample included an over-sampling of people of Māori descent, to adequately represent the indigenous people of Aotearoa.

In July/August 2021, HWR participants (those who had participated previously in the survey between 2006-2020) received an additional 16-page postal survey to assess their experiences and responses to the COVID pandemic at that time. A total of 4075 (77.2%) survey responses to the 2021 survey were received. Ages ranged from 56 to 93. There was little difference in the response rate for men (n = 1757, 76.1%) and women (n = 2317, 78.1%).

The questionnaires included standardised measures of general physical health, general mental health, depression, anxiety, life satisfaction, quality of life, loneliness, social support, physical activity, smoking, alcohol use, caregiving commitments, volunteering, housing situation, household composition, work situation, and financial wellbeing.

In 2021, additional items asked about chronic diagnosed health conditions, COVID diagnosis, COVID and flu vaccine uptake and any reasons for vaccination resistance.

Participants were also asked about their perceptions of the impact of COVID-19 on their health, their whanau/family's health, their volunteering activities, or their caring obligations. They were also asked about their perceptions of information received from official sources and their receipt of government support.

Details of standardised measures and their sources are described in Appendix 2. A copy of the items in the 2021 questionnaire is provided in Appendix 3.

For analysis, physical health, mental health, depression, anxiety, life satisfaction, quality of life, loneliness, and health related behaviours (physical activity, smoking, and alcohol use) were

considered as outcome variables. Changes in these variables, i.e., the possible effects of the first year of the pandemic, were examined across the two years (2020 – 2021). Pearson's chi-squared test (for categorical variables) and t-tests (for continuous variables) were used to test the significance of any differences between the scores in 2020 and 2021.

Several variables were considered as potential moderators of these differences, i.e., the outcomes would vary depending on levels of potential vulnerability.

Those measured in 2020 were, levels of gender, ethnicity (Māori or non-Māori), economic living standards, number of chronic conditions, current work status, housing tenure, housing satisfaction, neighbourhood social cohesion, and neighbourhood satisfaction.

In 2021, the possible effects of different levels of caregiving commitments, social support, household composition and current work status were considered.

Survey weights, accounting for sample design (i.e., over-sampling of persons of Māori descent and cohort size) and response characteristics associated with age, gender, area-level deprivation, and ethnicity relative to the original random samples, were applied to all analyses.

In this report we include a description of key findings and results that showed consistent patterns of change or moderation. Results of the analyses of all data used for this report are provided in Appendix 1.

## 3 DESCRIPTIVE FINDINGS

#### 3.1 COVID-19 DIAGNOSIS

At the time of survey, almost all of the sample had never received a diagnosis of COVID-19 (99.7%).

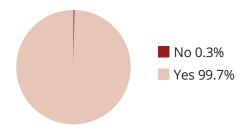


Figure 1: Proportion of respondents diagnosed with COVID-19.

# 3.2 SELF-REPORTED NEGATIVE IMPACTS AND EFFECTS OF THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

**Physical Health:** The majority of the sample felt that COVID-19 had no negative impact on their physical health (70.6%); while 10.2% reported that the COVID-19 pandemic had a moderate to extreme negative impact on their physical health.

**Mental Health:** Just over half the sample reported that the COVID-19 pandemic had no negative impact on their mental health (50.4%), with just over a third reporting some negative impact on mental health (35.2%). Another 14.4% of respondents reported that the pandemic had a moderate to extreme negative impact on their mental health

mental health. 0.9% Extremely **Economic Wellbeing:** A majority of respondents reported that the COVID-19 pandemic had no negative impact on their economic wellbeing 4.4% 5.2% (61.8%), with 23.4% reporting some negative Quite a bit 3.3% impact. A further 15% reported that the negative impact of the pandemic on their economic 9.6% wellbeing was moderate to great. 8.3% Moderately 23.4% A little bit 35.2% 19.2% 61.8% 50.4% Not at all 70.6% Economic Wellbeing Mental Health Physical Health

Figure 2: Self-reported negative impacts of the pandemic on economic wellbeing, mental health and physical health.

**Ability to Provide Care:** The majority of respondents who provided informal care for friends, family or whānau due to health reasons reported that the COVID-19 pandemic had no negative effect on these activities (59.5%). However, over 10% reported moderate negative effects and almost 11% said that COVID-19 had affected their ability to care a great deal.

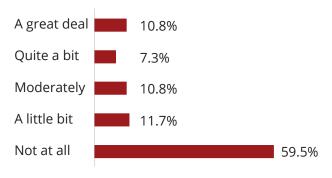


Figure 3: Self-reported negative effect of pandemic on ability to provide care.

**Volunteering Activities:** A majority of respondents reported that the COVID\_19 pandemic had no negative effect on their volunteering activities (66%). Nearly one quarter (24%) of respondents reported that COVID-19 had a moderate to strong effect on volunteering activities.

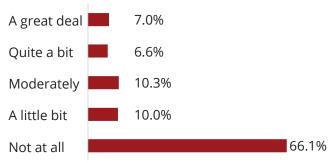


Figure 4: Self-reported negative effect of pandemic on volunteering activities.

# 3.3 EFFECT OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC ON WELLBEING OF NZ AND OVERSEAS WHĀNAU

Participants generally reported that the COVID-19 pandemic had a greater impact on the wellbeing of overseas whānau than NZ whānau. Only 3.3% of participants reported an extreme impact on wellbeing of NZ whānau, compared to 11.3% for

overseas whānau. Whereas, 62.6% reported that the COVID-19 pandemic had no affect on the wellbeing of their NZ whānau, compared to 50% for overseas whānau.

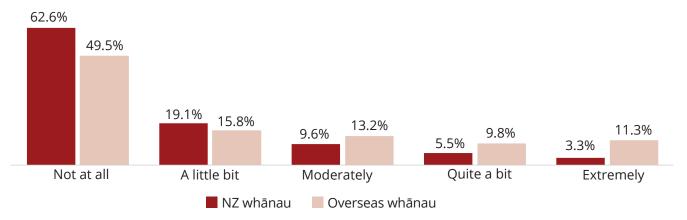


Figure 5: Self-reported impact of pandemic on wellbeing of New Zealand-based and overseas whānau.

#### 3.4 VACCINATIONS: SEASONAL FLU AND COVID-19

**Seasonal flu vaccine:** A majority of respondents reported receiving their seasonal flu vaccine every year (64.7%) while altogether, 73.3% of respondents have had a flu vaccine within the past 5 years, and 5.4% have not had a flu vaccine in the past 5 years. Almost one fifth of the sample reported that they had never had the seasonal flu vaccine (19.2%).

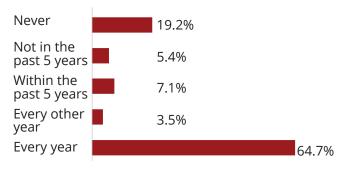


Figure 6: Self-reported frequency of seasonal flu vaccine.

**COVID-19 vaccine:** Just over three quarters of the sample reported that they have been vaccinated against COVID-19 (75.7%).

Of those who were currently unvaccinated against COVID-19, most reported that they definitely intended to become vaccinated (63.5%), with a further 11.3% reporting that they would probably get vaccinated. The remaining 25.2% of those

currently unvaccinated reported that they would either probably not or definitely not get vaccinated.



Figure 7: Intention to get COVID-19 vaccine.

The most common reasons for not having yet received the COVID-19 vaccine were:

- Belief that it is too soon to see whether the vaccine will provide protection from COVID-19 in the long term (n=241)
- 2. Concern about known (n=213) and unknown (n=236) side effects of the vaccine
- 3. Concern about other effects on health and worsening of health from the vaccine (n=214)
- 4. Not having enough information on the safety, side effects and efficacy of the vaccine (n=207).

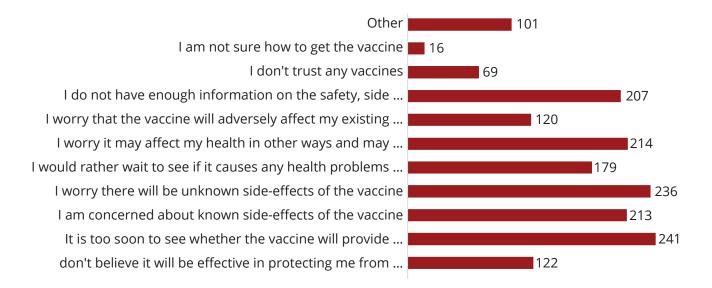


Figure 8: Reason for not receiving vaccination against COVID-19.

# 3.5 COVID-19: WORK, RETIREMENT, AND GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE

## Work situations since beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic

Just over half of respondents had been engaged in some paid employment since the World Health Organisation declared the COVID-19 pandemic (53%). However, 12.3% had their hours of paid employment reduced, 9.4% had their hourly wage or salary reduced, and a further 10% lost or left their jobs. One third of respondents worked from home (33.3%), and 27% had been considered essential workers. Around 13.8% of respondents had been offered skills training from their employer to support how they performed their job during the COVID-19 pandemic.



Figure 9: Work conditions following the World Health Organisation declaration of the pandemic.

#### Hardship assistance due to COVID-19

Eleven percent of respondents received government assistance to support their business because of COVID-19. Some received government assistance such as welfare benefits (9%) and a small number received other types of support, including material assistance from non-government organisations (4%), assistance from lenders (2%) and Kiwisaver hardship withdrawal (1%).

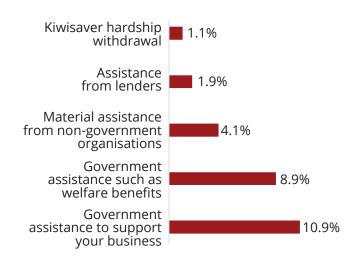


Figure 10: Hardship assistance received by respondents as a result of the pandemic.

#### **COVID-19 and retirement**

A large majority of respondents reported that the COVID-19 pandemic played no factor in their retirement or decision to retire (88.3%). However, 6.5% reported that it was a factor in their decision to retire earlier, while 5.2% reported it to be a factor in their decision to retire later.

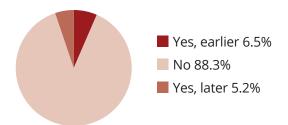


Figure 11: COVID-19 as a factor in retirement decisions.

#### 3.6 WORK STATUS

Overall, the proportion of unemployed respondents (including retirees) increased from 52.8% in 2020 to 56% in 2021.

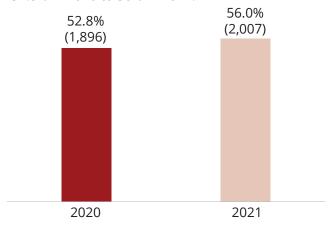


Figure 12: Difference in proportion of employed respondents between 2020 and 2021.

#### 3.7. INDICATORS OF WELLBEING

There was no significant overall difference in anxiety and quality of life across the 2020 and 2021 survey period. There were small reductions in physical health (-0.94) and mental health (-0.85).

Life satisfaction also decreased (-0.07), and there were increases in depression (+0.52) and loneliness (+0.21). Changes in mean scores are depicted in Figure 13.

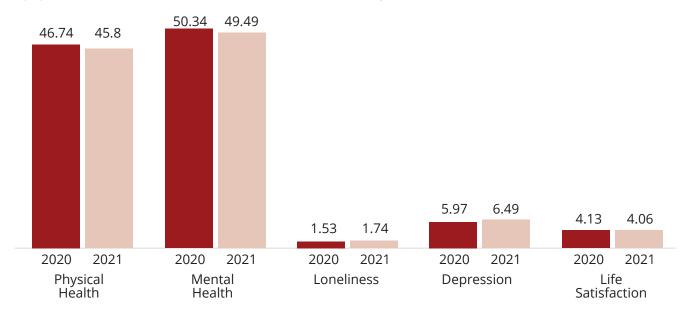


Figure 13: Significant differences in mean wellbeing scores between 2020 and 2021.

# 3.8. INDICATORS OF WELLBEING BY SEX AND ETHNICITY

## 3.8.1. Indicators of wellbeing across waves for males and females

There was a very small decrease in mean physical health and mental health scores between 2020 and 2021 for both sexes, and an increase in depression and loneliness. Increases in depression and loneliness were slightly higher for females than males. There was a very small decrease in life satisfaction and quality of life for males, but not for females. Smoking decreased for both males and females. There was no significant change in anxiety, moderate physical activity, or alcohol use between 2020 and 2021 for males or females.

	Male	Female
Physical Health	↓ 0.87	↓ 1.00
Mental health	↓ 0.84	↓ 0.86
Depression	↑ 0.42	↑ 0.60
Loneliness	↑ 0.17	↑ 0.24
Anxiety	NS	NS
Life Satisfaction	↓ 0.07	NS
Quality of Life	↓ 0.08	NS
Physical Activity (moderate)	NS	NS
	1 2 02	L 2 21
Regular Smoker	↓ 2.83	↓ 2.21
Alcohol use	NS	NS

Table 1. Changes in mean wellbeing scores across waves for males and females.

## 3.8.2. Indicators of wellbeing across waves for Māori and non-Māori

Between 2020 and 2021, there were small significant decreases in physical health, mental health and moderate physical activity for non-Māori, but no significant differences for Māori. Both populations saw an increase in depression and loneliness, with the increase being slightly greater for Māori. Smoking decreased for both populations, but the decrease was greater for Māori (-5.12%). There were no significant differences in anxiety, quality of life, or alcohol use between Māori and non-Māori.

Non-Māori	Māori
↓ 0.94	NS
↓ 0.83	NS
↑ 0.5	↑ 0.64
↑ 0.21	↑ 0.23
NS	NS
↓ 0.07	↓ 0.1
NS	NS
↓ 2.09%	NS
↓ 2.19%	↓ 5.12%
NS	NS
	↓ 0.94 ↓ 0.83 ↑ 0.5 ↑ 0.21 NS ↓ 0.07 NS ↓ 2.09% ↓ 2.19%

Table 2. Changes in mean wellbeing scores across waves for Māori and non-Māori.

# 3.9 CHANGES IN INDICATORS OF WELLBEING FOR THOSE WITH CHRONIC HEALTH CONDITIONS

The most common diagnosed chronic health condition was hypertension (43.6%), followed by coronary heart condition, serious respiratory condition (each 12.8%), and diabetes (12.3%).

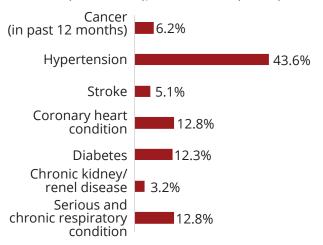


Figure 14: Prevalence of chronic health conditions.

Individuals with 3 or more chronic health conditions showed reductions in physical health (-1.24), mental health (-1.25) and life satisfaction (-0.08) across wave 2020 and wave 2021, with increases in depression (+0.71) and loneliness (+0.28).

Those with 1-2 chronic conditions showed a slightly lesser decrease in physical health (-0.7) and a slightly lesser increase in depression (-0.34) and loneliness (-0.16). There were no significant changes in indicators of wellbeing for those with no chronic conditions.

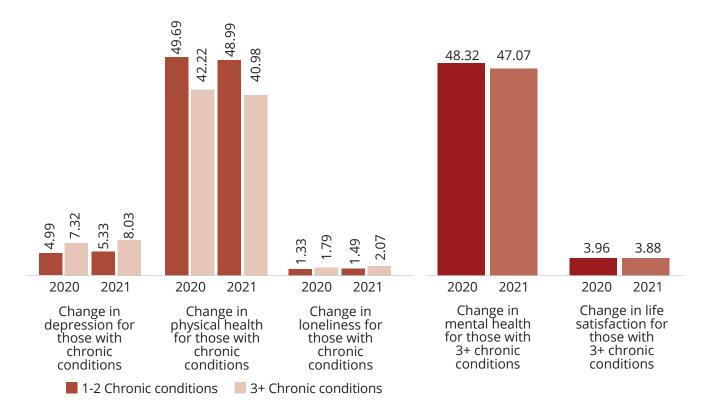


Figure 15: Significant differences in mean wellbeing scores between 2020 and 2021 for those with chronic health conditions.

# 3.10 CHANGES IN INDICATORS OF WELLBEING FOR VARYING LEVELS OF SOCIAL SUPPORT

Those with low social support had significant small reductions in physical health (-1.33), mental health (-1.41) and life satisfaction (-0.14) between 2020 and 2021, with a corresponding increase in depression (+0.73) and loneliness (+0.45).

Those with medium social support also demonstrated a slight lesser increase in depression (+0.53) and loneliness (+0.22) across the two waves. There were no significant differences across waves in wellbeing indicators for those with high social support.

There was no significant relationship between levels of social support and anxiety and quality of life.

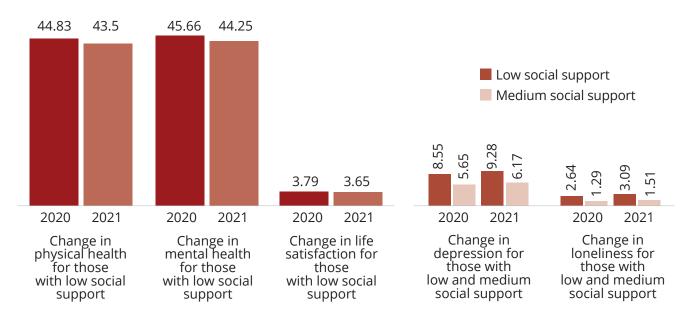


Figure 16: Significant differences in mean wellbeing scores between 2020 and 2021 for those with low and medium social support.

# 3.10A NO CHANGE IN INDICATORS OF WELLBEING FOR THOSE LIVING ALONE

Despite predictions to the contrary, those who lived with others were more likely to report reductions in physical health (-0.7), mental health (-0.8) and life satisfaction (-0.05) and increases in depression (+0.5). The only significant relationship with indicators of wellbeing for those living alone was a small increase in loneliness (+0.31), greater than the increase in loneliness for those who lived with others (+0.17).

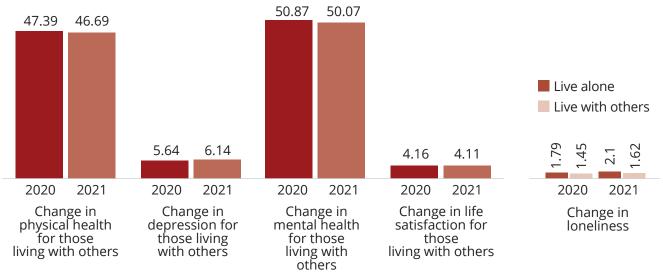


Figure 17: Significant differences in mean wellbeing scores between 2020 and 2021 for those living alone or with others.

#### 3.11 HEALTH BEHAVIOURS

**Physical activity:** The percentage of people who were moderately physically active decreased by just under 2% between 2020 and 2021.

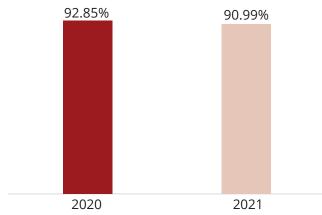


Figure 18: Difference in proportion of respondents with moderate activity level across 2020 and 2021.

**Regular smoking:** The proportion of respondents who are regular smokers decreased from 7.7% in 2020 to 5.17% in 2021. For Māori, the proportion of regular smokers decreased by 5.1%.



Figure 19: Difference in proportion of regular smokers between 2020 and 2021.

**Alcohol use:** There was a very small decrease in risky alcohol use (-0.12).



Figure 20: Difference in respondents' risky alcohol use between 2020 and 2021

# APPENDIX 1: DATA ANALYSIS RESULTS

Table 1: Comparison of changes in indicators of physical health between the 2020 and 2021 survey waves. **Physical Health (SF12v2 PCS)** 

	Physical Health		
	Wave 2020 (n=3,797)	Wave 2021 (n=3,797)	p-value
	Mean (n)	Mean (n)	
Moderator variables (below) from 2020		,	
Sex			
Male	46.5(1,531)	45.7(1,519)	0.038*
Female	46.9(2,021)	45.9(1,977)	0.036*
Ethnicity	10.3(2,021)	13.3(1,377)	0.030
Non-Māori	47.1(2,458)	46.1(2,424)	0.007*
Māori	44.2(1,072)	43.3(1,049)	0.104
Economic Wellbeing	( . / 0 / 2 /	13.3(1/6.13)	0.101
Hardship	40.4(585)	39.2(579)	0.164
Comfortable	45.6(531)	43.9(520)	0.023*
Good	48.5(2,311)	47.8(2,271)	0.073
Chronic conditions	, ,	. , ,	
0	53.1(403)	52.5(399)	0.223
1-2	49.7(1,504)	49.0(1,472)	0.047*
3+	42.2(1,640)	41.0(1,614)	0.016*
Current work status		,	
No	44.1(1,763)	43.2(1,737)	0.056
Yes	49.7(1,671)	48.8(1,647)	0.010*
Tenure			
No	42.6(344)	40.9(343)	0.165
Yes	47.1(3,165)	46.3(3,110)	0.009*
Housing satisfaction			
Low	44.6(1,218)	43.3(1,207)	0.025*
Medium	46.4(1,289)	45.9(1,265)	0.300
High	49.6(1,020)	48.7(994)	0.068
Neighbourhood Social Cohesion			
Low	45.7(1,469)	44.6(1,449)	0.016*
Medium	47.3(894)	46.9(867)	0.365
High	47.5(1,164)	46.6(1,150)	0.171
Neighbourhood satisfaction			
No	46.1(1,056)	44.7(1,043)	0.014*
Yes	47.0(2,465)	46.3(2,413)	0.072
Moderator variables (below) from 2021			
Social support			
Low	44.8(1,123)	43.5(1,114)	0.016*
Medium	46.1(1,166)	45.3(1,168)	0.254
High	49.4(1,175)	48.6(1,140)	0.081
Care giving			
No	47.0(2,713)	46.2(2,677)	0.023*
Yes	46.2(668)	45.0(663)	0.110
Household composition			
Live alone	44.3(716)	42.7(711)	0.055
Live with others	47.4(2,796)	46.7(2,746)	0.029*
Current work status			
No	44.6(1,861)	43.6(1,840)	0.033*
\ /		40 4 (4 4 6 6)	0 0 10+
Yes Total	49.9(1,493) 46.7(3,552)	49.1(1,466) 45.8(3,496)	0.048* <b>0.003</b> *

Table 2: Comparison of changes in indicators of mental health between the 2020 and 2021 survey waves **Mental Health (SF12v2 MCS)** 

	Mental Health Wave 2020 (n=3,797)	Wave 2021 (n=3,797)	p-value
	Mean (n)	Mean (n)	p-value
Moderator variables (below) from 2020	iviedii (ii)	ivieari (ri)	
<b>Sex</b> Male	E0 0/1 E21)	50.1(1,519)	0.048*
Female	50.9(1,531) 49.8(2,021)	49.0(1,977)	0.048*
Ethnicity	49.0(2,021)	49.0(1,977)	0.020
Non-Māori	50.5(2,458)	49.7(2,424)	0.008*
Māori	48.5(1,072)	47.8(1,049)	0.191
Economic Wellbeing	40.5(1,072)	77.0(1,045)	0.151
Hardship	42.3(585)	41.7(579)	0.514
Comfortable	48.7(531)	48.0(520)	0.290
Good	52.5(2,311)	51.7(2,271)	0.005*
Chronic conditions	<u>\-</u>  \-	- · · · \—/ · /	, <u>.</u>
0	53.2(403)	52.4(399)	0.162
1-2	51.7(1,504)	51.3(1,472)	0.278
3+	48.3(1,640)	47.1(1,614)	0.012*
Current work status	/	. , ,	
No	50.0(1,763)	49.0(1,737)	0.029*
Yes	50.9(1,671)	50.0(1,647)	0.032*
Tenure	, ,	, ,	
No	46.7(344)	45.2(343)	0.208
Yes	50.6(3,165)	49.9(3,110)	0.009*
Housing satisfaction			
Low	46.1(1,218)	45.6(1,207)	0.394
Medium	51.3(1,289)	50.3(1,265)	0.020*
High	54.0(1,020)	53.2(994)	0.041*
Neighbourhood Social Cohesion			
Low	47.8(1,469)	47.2(1,449)	0.199
Medium	51.2(894)	50.0(867)	0.017*
High	52.8(1,164)	52.1(1,150)	0.098
Neighbourhood satisfaction			
No	46.8(1,056)	46.5(1,043)	0.516
Yes	51.8(2,465)	50.9(2,413)	0.003*
Moderator variables (below) from 2021			
Social support			
Low	45.7(1,123)	44.2(1,114)	0.015*
Medium	51.3(1,166)	50.6(1,168)	0.181
High	53.8(1,175)	53.3(1,140)	0.204
Care giving			
No	50.8(2,713)	49.9(2,677)	0.010*
Yes	48.6(668)	47.4(663)	0.065
Household composition			
Live alone	48.7(716)	47.5(711)	0.128
Live with others	50.9(2,796)	50.1(2,746)	0.007*
Current work status			
No	50.0(1,861)	49.1(1,840)	0.028*
Yes	51.0(1,493)	50.2(1,466)	0.046*
Total	50.3(3,552)	49.5(3,496)	0.003*

Table 3: Comparison of changes in depression symptom frequency between the 2020 and 2021 survey waves **Depression (CES-D)** 

	<b>Depression (CES-D) Wave 2020 (n=3,797)</b> Mean (n)	<b>Wave 2021 (n=3,797)</b> Mean (n)	p-value
Moderator variables (below) from 2020			
Sex			
Male	5.8(1,618)	6.2(1,637)	0.039*
Female	6.1(2,128)	6.8(2,130)	0.001*
Ethnicity			
Non-Māori	5.9(2,579)	6.4(2,591)	0.001*
Māori	6.8(1,144)	7.4(1,150)	0.016*
Economic Wellbeing	,		
Hardship	10.4(627)	10.8(628)	0.295
Comfortable	6.7(568)	7.3(570)	0.072
Good	4.8(2,404)	5.3(2,415)	<0.001*
Chronic conditions	,	,	
	4.4(426)	4.8(431)	0.193
I-2	5.0(1,567)	5.3(1,571)	0.047*
3+	7.3(1,747)	8.0(1,754)	0.002*
Current work status	. , ,	,	
No	6.3(1,871)	7.0(1,881)	0.001*
Yes	5.5(1,728)	5.9(1,740)	0.035*
Tenure	· · · · · ·	· - /	
No	8.3(378)	9.0(379)	0.237
/es	5.8(3,317)	6.3(3,336)	<0.001*
Housing satisfaction	· ,	,	
LOW	8.2(1,310)	8.4(1,315)	0.404
Medium	5.5(1,354)	6.2(1,362)	0.001*
High	3.8(1,052)	4.5(1,057)	0.001*
Neighbourhood Social Cohesion	,	,	
LOW	7.4(1,554)	7.8(1,566)	0.062
Medium	5.6(944)	6.2(948)	0.009*
High	4.5(1,217)	5.0(1,219)	0.010*
Neighbourhood satisfaction	· · · ·	,	
No	7.8(1,118)	8.0(1,124)	0.469
/es	5.2(2,589)	5.8(2,599)	<0.001*
Moderator variables (below) from 2021	, ,	· · ·	
Social support			
LOW	8.6(1,202)	9.3(1,214)	0.008*
Medium	5.6(1,232)	6.2(1,235)	0.008*
High	3.8(1,207)	4.1(1,218)	0.063
Care giving	J.U(1,207)	7.1(1,210)	0.003
No	5.8(2,856)	6.2(2,883)	0.010*
vo /es	6.7(703)	7.6(707)	0.010*
Household composition	0.7(703)	7.0(707)	0.007
ive alone	7.1(765)	7.7(774)	0.097
Live alone Live with others	5.6(2,934)	6.1(2,948)	0.097
	J.U(Z,734)	0.1(4,740)	0.001"
Current work status	6 2/1 070)	6.0(1.001)	0.002*
No Yos	6.3(1,979)	6.9(1,991)	0.002*
ſes Гotal	5.4(1,545) 6.0(3,746)	5.8(1,558) <b>6.5</b> (3,767)	<0.019*

Table 4: Comparison of changes in loneliness between the 2020 and 2021 survey waves **Loneliness** 

	Loneliness		
	Wave 2020 (n=3,797)	Wave 2021 (n=3,797)	p-value
	Mean (n)	Mean (n)	
Moderator variables (below) from 2020			
Sex			
Male	1.7(1,615)	1.9(1,625)	0.025*
Female	1.4(2,112)	1.6(2,119)	<0.001*
Ethnicity			
Non-Māori	1.5(2,568)	1.7(2,574)	<0.001*
Māori	1.7(1,140)	1.9(1,143)	0.015*
Economic Wellbeing			
Hardship	2.8(619)	3.0(626)	0.174
Comfortable	1.8(568)	2.1(568)	0.058
Good	1.2(2,404)	1.4(2,397)	<0.001*
Chronic conditions			
0	1.2(423)	1.4(427)	0.344
1-2	1.3(1,558)	1.5(1,558)	0.016*
3+	1.8(1,738)	2.1(1,747)	0.001*
Current work status			
No	1.5(1,862)	1.8(1,870)	0.001*
Yes	1.5(1,727)	1.7(1,730)	0.009*
Tenure			
No	2.2(377)	2.4(376)	0.292
Yes	1.5(3,304)	1.7(3,316)	<0.001*
Housing satisfaction			
Low	2.3(1,295)	2.5(1,308)	0.029*
Medium	1.3(1,352)	1.6(1,348)	0.001*
High	0.9(1,056)	1.0(1,055)	0.046*
Neighbourhood Social Cohesion			
Low	2.1(1,547)	2.3(1,556)	0.014*
Medium	1.4(945)	1.7(946)	0.004*
High	0.9(1,211)	1.1(1,209)	0.025*
Neighbourhood satisfaction			
No	2.3(1,111)	2.4(1,115)	0.188
Yes	1.2(2,583)	1.4(2,585)	<0.001*
Moderator variables (below) from 2021			
Social support			
Low	2.6(1,187)	3.1(1,214)	<0.001*
Medium	1.3(1,230)	1.5(1,235)	0.004*
High	0.7(1,211)	0.7(1,217)	0.743
Care giving			
No	1.5(2,854)	1.7(2,863)	<0.001*
Yes	1.6(694)	1.8(704)	0.063
Household composition			
Live alone	1.8(760)	2.1(769)	0.018*
Live with others	1.5(2,920)	1.6(2,931)	0.001*
Current work status			
No	1.6(1,965)	1.8(1,975)	<0.001*
Yes	1.5(1,546)	1.7(1,552)	0.011*
Total	1.5(3,727)	1.7(3,744)	<0.001*

Table 5: Comparison of changes in number of symptoms of anxiety between the wave 2020 and 2021 **Anxiety (GAI-SF)** 

	<b>Anxiety Wave 2020 (n=3,797)</b> Mean (n)	<b>Wave 2021 (n=3,797)</b> Mean (n)	p-value
Moderator variables (below) from 2020			
Sex			
Male	5.8(1,592)	5.8(1,627)	0.746
Female	6.0(2,105)	6.0(2,105)	0.356
Ethnicity			
Non-Māori	5.9(2,549)	5.9(2,563)	0.513
Māori	6.0(1,126)	6.0(1,142)	0.456
Economic Wellbeing			
Hardship	6.7(620)	6.8(617)	0.456
Comfortable	5.9(560)	6.2(565)	0.047*
Good	5.6(2,380)	5.6(2,400)	0.829
Chronic conditions			
0	5.6(421)	5.6(429)	0.868
1-2	5.7(1,547)	5.7(1,556)	0.743
3+	6.1(1,722)	6.2(1,735)	0.370
Current work status	· · · ·		
No	5.9(1,847)	5.9(1,860)	0.289
Yes	5.8(1,709)	5.8(1,728)	0.940
Tenure	. , ,	. , ,	
No	6.3(373)	6.4(372)	0.514
Yes	5.8(3,275)	5.9(3,311)	0.458
Housing satisfaction		, , ,	
Low	6.3(1,282)	6.3(1,294)	0.884
Medium	5.7(1,343)	5.8(1,353)	0.306
High	5.5(1,044)	5.6(1,055)	0.393
Neighbourhood Social Cohesion	, , ,	, ,	
Low	6.2(1,535)	6.2(1,545)	0.654
Medium	5.7(933)	5.9(934)	0.028*
High	5.6(1,199)	5.6(1,220)	0.418
Neighbourhood satisfaction	, , , , ,	(	
No	6.2(1,100)	6.2(1,114)	0.973
Yes	5.7(2,561)	5.8(2,578)	0.302
Moderator variables (below) from 2021	- · · (-, · )	(-) )	
Social support			
Low	6.4(1,186)	6.5(1,198)	0.247
Medium	5.7(1,213)	5.8(1,230)	0.247
High	5.5(1,195)	5.5(1,213)	0.872
Care giving	ال ۱ ا ا ا ا	J.J(1,413)	0.072
No	5.8(2,824)	5.8(2,856)	0.939
Yes	6.0(690)	6.2(701)	0.939
Yes Household composition	0.0(050)	0.2(/01)	0.045"
Live alone	5.0(752)	5.0(764)	U 00E
	5.9(753)	5.9(764)	0.885
Live with others	5.8(2,897)	5.9(2,923)	0.334
Current work status	E 0/1 0F9)	F 0(1 070)	0.276
No	5.9(1,958)	5.9(1,970)	0.376
Yes <b>Total</b>	5.8(1,527) <b>5.</b> 9(3,697)	5.9(1,549) <b>5.9</b> (3, <b>732</b> )	0.754 <b>0.378</b>

Table 6: Comparison of changes in life satisfaction between the 2020 and 2021 survey waves **Life satisfaction** 

	Life satisfaction		
	Wave 2020 (n=3,797)	Wave 2021 (n=3,797)	p-value
	Mean (n)	Mean (n)	
Moderator variables (below) from 2020			
Sex			
Male	4.1(1,630)	4.0(1,638)	0.042*
Female	4.1(2,136)	4.1(2,131)	0.059
Ethnicity			
Non-Māori	4.1(2,587)	4.1(2,592)	0.016*
Māori	4.1(1,153)	4.0(1,150)	0.010*
Economic Wellbeing			
Hardship	3.5(627)	3.5(629)	0.377
Comfortable	4.0(570)	3.9(571)	0.156
Good	4.3(2,412)	4.2(2,411)	0.005*
Chronic conditions	, , ,		
0	4.3(430)	4.3(429)	0.214
1-2	4.3(1,575)	4.2(1,573)	0.191
3+	4.0(1,752)	3.9(1,755)	0.031*
Current work status			
No	4.1(1,875)	4.0(1,879)	0.099
Yes	4.2(1,741)	4.1(1,739)	0.025*
Tenure	.,_(.,,,	(.,	
No	3.7(382)	3.7(381)	0.622
Yes	4.2(3,334)	4.1(3,336)	0.007*
Housing satisfaction	. (- / /	. (	
Low	3.8(1,318)	3.7(1,316)	0.302
Medium	4.2(1,357)	4.1(1,358)	0.025*
High	4.4(1,061)	4.3(1,062)	0.063
Neighbourhood Social Cohesion	,	( ) /	
Low	3.9(1,563)	3.9(1,564)	0.394
Medium	4.2(948)	4.1(947)	0.013*
High	4.4(1,223)	4.3(1,223)	0.055
Neighbourhood satisfaction	,	( ) /	
No	3.8(1,117)	3.8(1,121)	0.701
Yes	4.3(2,608)	4.2(2,604)	0.001*
Moderator variables (below) from 2021			
Social support			
Low	3.8(1,208)	3.7(1,211)	0.001*
Medium	4.1(1,232)	4.1(1,234)	0.932
High	4.4(1,217)	4.4(1,218)	0.091
Care giving	4.4(1,217)	4.4(1,210)	0.051
No	4.1(2,869)	4.1(2,879)	0.042*
Yes	4.1(710)	4.0(707)	0.042
Household composition	7.1(/10)	T.U(101)	0.017
Live alone	4.0(774)	3.9(778)	0.050
Live with others	4.2(2,945)	4.1(2,945)	0.034*
Current work status	¬,∠(∠,J¬J)	T. 1 (2, 2 T 2)	0.05-
No	4.1(1,986)	4.1(1,988)	0.095
Yes	4.1(1,556)	4.1(1,561)	0.093
Total	4.1(3,766)	4.1(3,769)	0.005*
Note: weighted analysis: total number varies between ca			-0.005

Table 7: Comparison of changes in quality of life between the 2020 and 2021 survey waves **Quality of life** 

4.3(1,634) 4.4(2,135) 4.3(2,589) 4.2(1,154) 3.6(630) 4.2(572) 4.5(2,411) 4.6(431)	4.2(1,641) 4.4(2,138) 4.3(2,598) 4.1(1,154) 3.6(630) 4.1(572)	0.021* 0.938 0.106 0.197
4.4(2,135) 4.3(2,589) 4.2(1,154) 3.6(630) 4.2(572) 4.5(2,411) 4.6(431)	4.4(2,138) 4.3(2,598) 4.1(1,154) 3.6(630)	0.938
4.4(2,135) 4.3(2,589) 4.2(1,154) 3.6(630) 4.2(572) 4.5(2,411) 4.6(431)	4.4(2,138) 4.3(2,598) 4.1(1,154) 3.6(630)	0.938
4.3(2,589) 4.2(1,154) 3.6(630) 4.2(572) 4.5(2,411) 4.6(431)	4.3(2,598) 4.1(1,154) 3.6(630)	0.106
4.2(1,154)  3.6(630)  4.2(572)  4.5(2,411)  4.6(431)	4.1(1,154) 3.6(630)	
4.2(1,154)  3.6(630)  4.2(572)  4.5(2,411)  4.6(431)	4.1(1,154) 3.6(630)	
3.6(630) 4.2(572) 4.5(2,411) 4.6(431)	3.6(630)	0.197
4.2(572) 4.5(2,411) 4.6(431)		
4.2(572) 4.5(2,411) 4.6(431)		
4.2(572) 4.5(2,411) 4.6(431)		0.678
4.6(431)		0.337
4.6(431)	4.5(2,418)	0.059
	4.6(430)	0.668
4.5(1,571)	4.4(1,578)	0.435
4.1(1,758)	4.0(1,759)	0.096
· , ,	. , ,	
4.3(1,878)	4.2(1,886)	0.251
4.4(1,741)	4.3(1,742)	0.202
· , ,	· , ,	
3.9(380)	3.8(382)	0.698
		0.058
. (	(-/-	
4.0(1.320)	3.9(1.321)	0.570
		0.158
		0.064
( / /	( / /	
4.1(1.569)	4.1(1.569)	0.339
		0.311
	· · ·	0.127
4.0(1.121)	4.0(1.124)	0.690
		0.027*
2.0/1.212\	2.0(1.215)	0.106
		0.561
4.0(1,∠13)	4.0(1,222)	0.201
4 2/2 072)	4 2(2 007)	0.422
. , ,		0.433
4.3(/10)	4.2(/U8)	0.060
4 4 (777)	4.1(770)	0.074
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·	0.371
4.4(2,945)	4.3(2,954)	(1 1 1 1 /)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	0.110
4.3(1,990) 4.4(1,555)	4.2(1,995) 4.4(1,563)	0.110 0.067 0.437
	4.4(3,338)  4.0(1,320) 4.4(1,356) 4.6(1,062)  4.1(1,569) 4.4(945) 4.5(1,222)  4.0(1,121) 4.5(2,607)  3.9(1,212) 4.4(1,232) 4.6(1,215)  4.3(2,873) 4.3(710)  4.1(777) 4.4(2,945)	4.0(1,320)       3.9(1,321)         4.4(1,356)       4.4(1,363)         4.6(1,062)       4.6(1,062)         4.1(1,569)       4.1(1,569)         4.4(945)       4.4(952)         4.5(1,223)       4.5(1,223)         4.0(1,121)       4.0(1,124)         4.5(2,607)       4.4(2,611)         3.9(1,212)       3.9(1,215)         4.4(1,232)       4.3(1,236)         4.6(1,215)       4.6(1,222)         4.3(2,873)       4.3(2,887)         4.3(710)       4.2(708)

Table 8: Comparison of changes in physical activity between the 2020 and 2021 survey waves **Physical activity (moderate)** 

Moderator variables (below) from 2020   Mean (n)		Physical activity (moderate)			
Moderator variables (below) from 2020           Sex           Male         93.1(1,499)         91.5(1,501)         0.228           Female         92.6(1,972)         90.5(1,911)         0.098           Ethnicity         Use of the process of		Wave 2020 (n=3,797)	Wave 2021 (n=3,797)	p-value	
Moderator variables (below) from 2020           Sex           Male         93.1(1,499)         91.5(1,501)         0.228           Female         92.6(1,972)         90.5(1,911)         0.098           Ethnicity         Use of the process of		Mean (n)	Mean (n)		
Sex           Male         93.1(1,499)         91.5(1,501)         0.228           Female         92.6(1,972)         90.5(1,911)         0.098           Ethnicity           Non-Maori         93.3(2,418)         91.2(2,371)         0.035*           Maori         89.34(1,031)         89.4(1,018)         0.934           Ecomomic Wellbeing         83.9(523)         80.2(504)         0.193           Comfortable         93.3(529)         90.7(512)         0.190           Good         94.7(2,281)         93.8(2,256)         0.388           Chronic conditions         C         C           0         98.2(418)         96.9(411)         0.292           1-2         96.8(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           1-2         96.8(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           1-2         96.8(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           3+         8.7(7,1532)         84.0(1,484)         0.038*           Current work status         8.7(314)         84.3(313)         0.661           Yes         95.5(1,642)         95.3(1,644)         0.775           Tenure         8.2.7(314)         84.3(313)         0.661	Moderator variables (below) from 2020				
Male         93.1(1,499)         91.5(1,501)         0.228           Female         92.6(1,972)         90.5(1,911)         0.098           Ethnicity         Ethnicity           Non-Maori         93.3(2,418)         91.2(2,371)         0.035*           Maori         89.31(031)         89.4(1,018)         0.934           Economic Wellbeing         Economic Wellbeing           Hardship         83.9(523)         80.2(504)         0.193           Comfortable         93.3(529)         90.7(512)         0.190           Good         94.7(2,281)         93.8(2,256)         0.388           Chronic conditions         U           0         98.2(418)         96.9(411)         0.292           1-2         96.81,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           3+         87.7(1,532)         84.0(1,484)         0.038*           Current work status         U           No         90.6(1,695)         87.4(1,643)         0.037*           Yes         95.5(1,642)         95.3(1,644)         0.775           Tenure           No         82.7(314)         84.3(313)         0.661           Yes         93.8(3,					
Female         92.6(1,972)         90.5(1,911)         0.098           Ethnicity         Von-Maori         93.3(2,418)         91.2(2,371)         0.035*           Maori         89.3(1,031)         89.4(1,018)         0.934           Economic Wellbeing         Well         Well         Very Confortable         93.3(529)         90.7(512)         0.190           Comfortable         93.3(529)         90.7(512)         0.190         0.90           Good         94.7(2,281)         93.8(2,256)         0.388           Chronic conditions         U         Very Confortable         93.8(2,418)         96.9(1,108)         0.922           1-2         96.8(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952         3+         0.038*           Current work status         87.7(1,532)         84.0(1,484)         0.038*         0.038*         0.038*         0.051         0.038*         0.052         3+         0.034*         0.038*         0.052         3+         0.034*         0.038*         0.052         3+         0.034*         0.038*         0.052         3-         3-         4-         0.038*         0.051         0.052         3-         4-         0.038*         0.051         0.052         0.051         0.052		93.1(1.499)	91.5(1.501)	0.228	
Ethnicity         Non-Maori         93.3(2.418)         91.2(2,371)         0.035*           Maori         89.3(1,031)         89.4(1,018)         0.934           Economic Wellbeing         89.3(523)         80.2(504)         0.193           Comfortable         93.3(529)         90.7(512)         0.190           Good         94.7(2,281)         93.8(2,56)         0.388           Chronic conditions           Uncertain William         96.9(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           3+         96.8(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           3+         96.8(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           3+         96.8(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           3+         96.8(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           3+         96.8(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           3+         96.8(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           3+         97.7(1,532)         87.4(1,643)         0.037*           Yes         97.5(1,642)         97.4(1,643)         0.037*           Yes         99.8(2,131)         91.8(3,060)         0.030*           Housing satisfaction         82.7(314)         84.3(313)					
Non-Maori         93.3(2,418)         91.2(2,371)         0.035*           Maori         89.3(1,031)         89.4(1,018)         0.934           Economic Wellbeing         Fectoramic Wellbeing           Hardship         83.9(523)         80.2(504)         0.193           Comfortable         93.3(529)         90.7(512)         0.190           Good         94.7(2,281)         93.8(2,265)         0.388           Chronic conditions           0         98.2(418)         96.9(411)         0.292           1-2         96.8(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           3+         87.7(1,532)         84.0(1,484)         0.038*           Current work status         Well of Market           No         90.6(1,695)         87.4(1,643)         0.037*           Yes         95.5(1,642)         95.3(1,644)         0.775           Terrent work status           No         90.6(1,695)         87.4(1,643)         0.037*           Yes         95.5(1,642)         95.3(1,644)         0.775           Terrent work status           No         90.6(1,695)         87.4(1,643)         0.061         91.8(1,641)         91.8(3,600)	Ethnicity	,	,		
Economic Wellbeing	-	93.3(2,418)	91.2(2,371)	0.035*	
Hardship	Māori	89.3(1,031)	89.4(1,018)	0.934	
Comfortable         93.3(529)         90.7(512)         0.190           Good         94.7(2,281)         93.8(2,256)         0.388           Chronic conditions         98.2(418)         96.9(411)         0.292           1-2         96.8(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           3+         87.7(1,532)         84.0(1,484)         0.038*           Current work status           No         90.6(1,695)         87.4(1,643)         0.037*           Yes         95.5(1,642)         95.3(1,644)         0.037*           Tenure           No         82.7(314)         84.3(313)         0.661           Yes         93.8(3,113)         91.8(3,060)         0.03**           Housing satisfaction         89.4(1,161)         86.3(1,129)         0.084           Medium         93.5(1,269)         91.2(1,249)         0.158           High         93.5(1,269)         91.2(1,249)         0.158           High         93.8(874)         93.3(82)         0.664           Medium         93.8(874)         93.3(82)         0.661           Medium         93.8(1,153)         91.9(1,339)         0.308           No         91.8(1,015)	Economic Wellbeing				
Good         94.7(2,281)         93.8(2,256)         0.388           Chronic conditions         Chronic conditions           0         98.2(418)         96.9(411)         0.292           1-2         96.8(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           3+         87.7(1,532)         84.0(1,484)         0.038*           Current work status           No         90.6(1,695)         87.4(1,643)         0.037*           Yes         95.5(1,642)         95.3(1,644)         0.775           Tenure           No         82.7(314)         84.3(313)         0.661           Yes         93.8(3,113)         91.8(3,060)         0.030*           Housing satisfaction           Low         89.4(1,161)         86.3(1,129)         0.084           Medium         93.5(1,269)         91.2(1,249)         0.158           High         96.3(1,013)         96.7(1,007)         0.717           Neighbourhood Social Cohesion         89.4(1,415)         89.3(1,383)         0.097           Medium         93.8(874)         93.3(862)         0.668           High         93.9(1,153)         91.9(1,139)         0.308           Neighbourhoo	Hardship	83.9(523)	80.2(504)	0.193	
Chronic conditions         98.2(418)         96.9(411)         0.292           1-2         96.8(1,514)         96.9(1,508)         0.952           3+         87.7(1,532)         84.0(1,484)         0.038*           Current work status           No         90.6(1,695)         87.4(1,643)         0.037*           Yes         95.5(1,642)         95.3(1,644)         0.775           Tenure           No         82.7(314)         84.3(313)         0.661           Yes         93.8(3,113)         91.8(3,060)         0.030*           Housing satisfaction         89.4(1,161)         86.3(1,129)         0.084           Medium         93.5(1,269)         91.2(1,249)         0.158           High         96.7(1,007)         0.717           Neighbourhood Social Cohesion           Low         91.4(1,415)         89.3(1,383)         0.097           Medium         93.8(874)         93.3(862)         0.668           High         93.9(1,153)         91.9(1,139)         0.308           Neighbourhood satisfaction           No         91.8(1,015)         88.7(985)         0.051           Yes         93.4(2,419)         92.1(2	Comfortable	93.3(529)	90.7(512)	0.190	
0       98.2(418)       96.9(411)       0.292         1-2       96.8(1,514)       96.9(1,508)       0.952         3+       87.7(1,532)       84.0(1,484)       0.038*         Current work status         No       90.6(1,695)       87.4(1,643)       0.037*         Yes       95.5(1,642)       95.3(1,644)       0.775         Tenure         No       82.7(314)       84.3(313)       0.661         Yes       93.8(3,113)       91.8(3,060)       0.030*         Housing satisfaction         Low       89.4(1,161)       86.3(1,129)       0.084         Medium       93.5(1,269)       91.2(1,249)       0.158         High       96.3(1,013)       96.7(1,007)       0.717         Neighbourhood Social Cohesion         Low       91.4(1,415)       89.3(1,383)       0.097         Medium       93.8(874)       93.3(862)       0.668         High       93.9(1,153)       91.9(1,139)       0.308         Neighbourhood satisfaction         No       91.8(1,015)       88.7(985)       0.051         Yes       93.4(2,419)       92.1(2,390)       0.243	Good	94.7(2,281)	93.8(2,256)	0.388	
1-2 96.8(1,514) 96.9(1,508) 0.952 3+ 87.7(1,532) 84.0(1,484) 0.038*  Current work status  No 90.6(1,695) 87.4(1,643) 0.037* Yes 95.5(1,642) 95.3(1,644) 0.775  Tenure  No 82.7(314) 84.3(313) 0.661 Yes 93.8(3,113) 91.8(3,060) 0.030*  Housing satisfaction  Low 89.4(1,161) 86.3(1,129) 0.084  Medium 93.5(1,269) 91.2(1,249) 0.158 High 96.3(1,013) 96.7(1,007) 0.717  Neighbourhood Social Cohesion  Low 91.4(1,415) 89.3(1,383) 0.097  Medium 93.8(874) 93.3(862) 0.668 High 93.9(1,153) 91.9(1,139) 0.308  Neighbourhood satisfaction  No 91.8(1,015) 88.7(985) 0.051 Yes 93.4(2,419) 92.1(2,390) 0.243  Moderator variables (below) from 2021  Social support  Low 89.2(1,067) 86.7(1,044) 0.125 Medium 93.1(1,150) 91.4(1,133) 0.345 High 96.6(1,159) 95.0(1,147) 0.205  Care giving  No 92.8(2,645) 91.9(2,617) 0.310 Yes 92.7(654) 91.6(638) 0.537  Household composition  Live alone 88.5(685) 84.7(666) 0.173 Live with others 94.1(2,744) 92.9(2,711) 0.166  Current work status  No 90.4(1,796) 87.8(1,754) 0.085 Yes 96.4(1,474) 95.7(1,472) 0.389	Chronic conditions				
State	0	98.2(418)	96.9(411)	0.292	
Current work status           No         90.6(1,695)         87.4(1,643)         0.037*           Yes         95.5(1,642)         95.3(1,644)         0.775           Tenure           No         82.7(314)         84.3(313)         0.661           Yes         93.8(3,113)         91.8(3,060)         0.030*           Housing satisfaction           Low         89.4(1,161)         86.3(1,129)         0.084           Medium         93.5(1,269)         91.2(1,249)         0.158           High         96.3(1,013)         96.7(1,007)         0.717           Neighbourhood Social Cohesion         0.097         0.007         0.717           Medium         93.8(874)         93.3(862)         0.668           High         93.9(1,153)         91.9(1,139)         0.308           Neighbourhood satisfaction         0.91.8(1,015)         88.7(985)         0.051           Yes         93.4(2,419)         92.1(2,390)         0.243           Moderator variables (below) from 2021         Social support         Secial support <td< td=""><td>1-2</td><td>96.8(1,514)</td><td>96.9(1,508)</td><td>0.952</td></td<>	1-2	96.8(1,514)	96.9(1,508)	0.952	
No         90.6(1,695)         87.4(1,643)         0.037*           Yes         95.5(1,642)         95.3(1,644)         0.775           Tenure           No         82.7(314)         84.3(313)         0.661           Yes         93.8(3,113)         91.8(3,060)         0.030*           Housing satisfaction           Low         89.4(1,161)         86.3(1,129)         0.084           Medium         93.5(1,269)         91.2(1,249)         0.158           High         96.3(1,013)         96.7(1,007)         0.717           Neighbourhood Social Cohesion           Low         91.4(1,415)         89.3(1,383)         0.097           Medium         93.8(874)         93.3(862)         0.668           High         93.9(1,153)         91.9(1,139)         0.308           Neighbourhood satisfaction         No         91.8(1,015)         88.7(985)         0.051           Yes         93.4(2,419)         92.1(2,390)         0.243           Moderator variables (below) from 2021           Social support           Low         89.2(1,067)         86.7(1,044)         0.125           Medium         93.1(1,150)         91.4(	3+	87.7(1,532)	84.0(1,484)	0.038*	
Yes         95.5(1,642)         95.3(1,644)         0.775           Tenure           No         82.7(314)         84.3(313)         0.661           Yes         93.8(3,113)         91.8(3,060)         0.030*           Housing satisfaction         Wedium         89.4(1,161)         86.3(1,129)         0.084           Medium         93.5(1,269)         91.2(1,249)         0.158           High         96.3(1,013)         96.7(1,007)         0.717           Neighbourhood Social Cohesion         Verestall         89.3(1,383)         0.097           Medium         93.8(874)         93.3(862)         0.668           High         93.9(1,153)         91.9(1,139)         0.308           Neighbourhood satisfaction         Verestall support         88.7(985)         0.051           Yes         93.4(2,419)         92.1(2,390)         0.243           Moderator variables (below) from 2021         Social support         Verestall support         86.7(1,044)         0.125           Low         89.2(1,067)         86.7(1,044)         0.125           Medium         93.1(1,150)         91.4(1,133)         0.345           High         96.6(1,159)         95.0(1,147)         0.205 <t< td=""><td><b>Current work status</b></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	<b>Current work status</b>				
Tenure           No         82.7(314)         84.3(313)         0.661           Yes         93.8(3,113)         91.8(3,060)         0.030*           Housing satisfaction           Low         89.4(1,161)         86.3(1,129)         0.084           Medium         93.5(1,269)         91.2(1,249)         0.158           High         96.3(1,013)         96.7(1,007)         0.717           Neighbourhood Social Cohesion         0.097         0.097         0.097           Medium         93.8(874)         93.3(862)         0.668           High         93.9(1,153)         91.9(1,139)         0.308           Neighbourhood satisfaction           No         91.8(1,015)         88.7(985)         0.051           Yes         93.4(2,419)         92.1(2,390)         0.243           Moderator variables (below) from 2021           Social support           Low         89.2(1,067)         86.7(1,044)         0.125           Medium         93.1(1,150)         91.4(1,133)         0.345           High         96.6(1,159)         95.0(1,147)         0.205           Care giving           No         92.8(2,	No	90.6(1,695)	87.4(1,643)	0.037*	
No       82.7(314)       84.3(313)       0.661         Yes       93.8(3,113)       91.8(3,060)       0.030*         Housing satisfaction       Use of the part o	Yes	95.5(1,642)	95.3(1,644)	0.775	
Yes         93.8(3,113)         91.8(3,060)         0.030*           Housing satisfaction         Sexion	Tenure				
Housing satisfaction	No	82.7(314)	84.3(313)	0.661	
Low       89.4(1,161)       86.3(1,129)       0.084         Medium       93.5(1,269)       91.2(1,249)       0.158         High       96.3(1,013)       96.7(1,007)       0.717         Neighbourhood Social Cohesion         Low       91.4(1,415)       89.3(1,383)       0.097         Medium       93.8(874)       93.3(862)       0.668         High       93.9(1,153)       91.9(1,139)       0.308         Neighbourhood satisfaction         No       91.8(1,015)       88.7(985)       0.051         Yes       93.4(2,419)       92.1(2,390)       0.243         Moderator variables (below) from 2021         Social support         Low       89.2(1,067)       86.7(1,044)       0.125         Medium       93.1(1,150)       91.4(1,133)       0.345         High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving         No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.9(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live alone	Yes	93.8(3,113)	91.8(3,060)	0.030*	
Medium       93.5(1,269)       91.2(1,249)       0.158         High       96.3(1,013)       96.7(1,007)       0.717         Neighbourhood Social Cohesion         Low       91.4(1,415)       89.3(1,383)       0.097         Medium       93.8(874)       93.3(862)       0.668         High       93.9(1,153)       91.9(1,139)       0.308         Neighbourhood satisfaction         No       91.8(1,015)       88.7(985)       0.051         Yes       93.4(2,419)       92.1(2,390)       0.243         Moderator variables (below) from 2021         Social support         Low       89.2(1,067)       86.7(1,044)       0.125         Medium       93.1(1,150)       91.4(1,133)       0.345         High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving         No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         <	Housing satisfaction				
High       96.3(1,013)       96.7(1,007)       0.717         Neighbourhood Social Cohesion       Low       91.4(1,415)       89.3(1,383)       0.097         Medium       93.8(874)       93.3(862)       0.668         High       93.9(1,153)       91.9(1,139)       0.308         Neighbourhood satisfaction       No         No       91.8(1,015)       88.7(985)       0.051         Yes       93.4(2,419)       92.1(2,390)       0.243         Moderator variables (below) from 2021         Social support         Low       89.2(1,067)       86.7(1,044)       0.125         Medium       93.1(1,150)       91.4(1,133)       0.345         High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving         No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status       No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)	Low	89.4(1,161)	86.3(1,129)	0.084	
Neighbourhood Social Cohesion         Low       91.4(1,415)       89.3(1,383)       0.097         Medium       93.8(874)       93.3(862)       0.668         High       93.9(1,153)       91.9(1,139)       0.308         Neighbourhood satisfaction         No       91.8(1,015)       88.7(985)       0.051         Yes       93.4(2,419)       92.1(2,390)       0.243         Moderator variables (below) from 2021         Social support         Low       89.2(1,067)       86.7(1,044)       0.125         Medium       93.1(1,150)       91.4(1,133)       0.345         High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving         No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition       Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status         No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085 <td>Medium</td> <td></td> <td>91.2(1,249)</td> <td>0.158</td>	Medium		91.2(1,249)	0.158	
Low       91.4(1,415)       89.3(1,383)       0.097         Medium       93.8(874)       93.3(862)       0.668         High       93.9(1,153)       91.9(1,139)       0.308         Neighbourhood satisfaction         No       91.8(1,015)       88.7(985)       0.051         Yes       93.4(2,419)       92.1(2,390)       0.243         Moderator variables (below) from 2021         Social support         Low       89.2(1,067)       86.7(1,044)       0.125         Medium       93.1(1,150)       91.4(1,133)       0.345         High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving         No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status         No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes		96.3(1,013)	96.7(1,007)	0.717	
Medium       93.8(874)       93.3(862)       0.668         High       93.9(1,153)       91.9(1,139)       0.308         Neighbourhood satisfaction         No       91.8(1,015)       88.7(985)       0.051         Yes       93.4(2,419)       92.1(2,390)       0.243         Moderator variables (below) from 2021         Social support         Low       89.2(1,067)       86.7(1,044)       0.125         Medium       93.1(1,150)       91.4(1,133)       0.345         High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving         No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status         No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389					
High       93.9(1,153)       91.9(1,139)       0.308         Neighbourhood satisfaction         No       91.8(1,015)       88.7(985)       0.051         Yes       93.4(2,419)       92.1(2,390)       0.243         Moderator variables (below) from 2021         Social support         Low       89.2(1,067)       86.7(1,044)       0.125         Medium       93.1(1,150)       91.4(1,133)       0.345         High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving         No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status         No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389					
Neighbourhood satisfaction         No       91.8(1,015)       88.7(985)       0.051         Yes       93.4(2,419)       92.1(2,390)       0.243         Moderator variables (below) from 2021         Social support         Low       89.2(1,067)       86.7(1,044)       0.125         Medium       93.1(1,150)       91.4(1,133)       0.345         High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving         No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status         No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389			· · ·		
No       91.8(1,015)       88.7(985)       0.051         Yes       93.4(2,419)       92.1(2,390)       0.243         Moderator variables (below) from 2021         Social support         Low       89.2(1,067)       86.7(1,044)       0.125         Medium       93.1(1,150)       91.4(1,133)       0.345         High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving         No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status         No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389		93.9(1,153)	91.9(1,139)	0.308	
Yes       93.4(2,419)       92.1(2,390)       0.243         Moderator variables (below) from 2021         Social support         Low       89.2(1,067)       86.7(1,044)       0.125         Medium       93.1(1,150)       91.4(1,133)       0.345         High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving       Ves       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status       No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389					
Moderator variables (below) from 2021         Social support       89.2(1,067)       86.7(1,044)       0.125         Medium       93.1(1,150)       91.4(1,133)       0.345         High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving       No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status       No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389					
Social support         Low       89.2(1,067)       86.7(1,044)       0.125         Medium       93.1(1,150)       91.4(1,133)       0.345         High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving         No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status         No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389		93.4(2,419)	92.1(2,390)	0.243	
Low       89.2(1,067)       86.7(1,044)       0.125         Medium       93.1(1,150)       91.4(1,133)       0.345         High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving         No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status         No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389	Moderator variables (below) from 2021				
Medium       93.1(1,150)       91.4(1,133)       0.345         High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving         No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status         No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389	Social support				
High       96.6(1,159)       95.0(1,147)       0.205         Care giving       Ves       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389	Low	89.2(1,067)	86.7(1,044)	0.125	
Care giving         No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status         No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389	Medium	93.1(1,150)	91.4(1,133)	0.345	
No       92.8(2,645)       91.9(2,617)       0.310         Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status         No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389	High	96.6(1,159)	95.0(1,147)	0.205	
Yes       92.7(654)       91.6(638)       0.537         Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status         No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389					
Household composition         Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status         No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389					
Live alone       88.5(685)       84.7(666)       0.173         Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status         No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389		92.7(654)	91.6(638)	0.537	
Live with others       94.1(2,744)       92.9(2,711)       0.166         Current work status       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389					
Current work status           No         90.4(1,796)         87.8(1,754)         0.085           Yes         96.4(1,474)         95.7(1,472)         0.389					
No       90.4(1,796)       87.8(1,754)       0.085         Yes       96.4(1,474)       95.7(1,472)       0.389		94.1(2,744)	92.9(2,711)	0.166	
Yes 96.4(1,474) 95.7(1,472) 0.389					
Total 92.8(3,471) 91.0(3,412) 0.042*					
Note: weighted analysis: total number varies between categories because of missing values, *p < 0.05				0.042*	

Table 9: Comparison of changes in smoking between the 2020 and 2021 survey waves **Regular smoker** 

	Regular smoker		
	Wave 2020 (n=3,797)	Wave 2021 (n=3,797)	p-value
	Mean (n)	Mean (n)	
Moderator variables (below) from 2020			
Sex			
Male	8.3(122)	5.4(85)	0.016*
Female	7.1(159)	4.9(118)	0.019*
Ethnicity			
Non-Māori	6.8(124)	4.6(94)	0.008*
Māori	15.8(155)	10.7(108)	0.002*
Economic Wellbeing			
Hardship	17.6(110)	13.3(82)	0.120
Comfortable	7.0(51)	5.0(36)	0.275
Good	5.3(104)	3.2(75)	0.008*
Chronic conditions			
0	4.8(17)	3.7(16)	0.554
1-2	7.0(96)	4.4(69)	0.020*
3+	9.1(167)	6.2(115)	0.018*
Current work status			
No	7.0(132)	5.0(100)	0.049*
Yes	8.2(129)	5.2(91)	0.007*
Tenure			
No	22.5(80)	15.8(55)	0.102
Yes	6.1(191)	4.0(140)	0.003*
Housing satisfaction			
Low	11.4(147)	7.5(104)	0.012*
Medium	6.7(92)	4.2(63)	0.025*
High	4.0(37)	3.3(32)	0.495
Neighbourhood Social Cohesion			
Low	9.0(132)	6.1(97)	0.021*
Medium	6.6(65)	5.6(54)	0.457
High	6.4(78)	3.3(48)	0.008*
Neighbourhood satisfaction			
No	10.1(115)	7.3(89)	0.071
Yes	6.4(160)	4.1(110)	0.006*
Moderator variables (below) from 2021			
Social support			
Low	9.8(124)	6.8(92)	0.040*
Medium	7.2(96)	4.6(63)	0.036*
High	6.0(54)	4.4(45)	0.221
Care giving			
No	7.7(207)	4.6(139)	<0.001*
Yes	7.9(62)	7.6(56)	0.898
Household composition			
Live alone	11.9(89)	8.7(71)	0.113
Live with others	6.4(185)	4.0(128)	0.002*
Current work status	<b>-</b> 444 <b>-</b> 50		
No	7.4(153)	5.0(111)	0.015*
Yes Total	7.9(110)	5.4(78)	0.040*
	7.7(281)	5.2(203)	0.001*

Table 10: Comparison of changes in alcohol use between the 2020 and 2021 survey waves **Alcohol use (AUDIT-C total score)** 

Alcohol use			
	Wave 2020 (n=3,797)	Wave 2021 (n=3,797)	p-value
	Mean (n)	Mean (n)	
Moderator variables (below) from 2020			
Sex			
Male	7.2(1,333)	7.0(1,359)	0.082
Female	6.0(1,630)	5.9(1,612)	0.287
Ethnicity			
Non-Māori	6.6(2,074)	6.4(2,107)	0.056
Māori	6.7(873)	6.7(844)	0.566
Economic Wellbeing			
Hardship	6.2(453)	6.1(444)	0.757
Comfortable	6.3(438)	6.3(427)	0.995
Good	6.7(1,964)	6.5(1,991)	0.050
Chronic conditions			
0	6.6(356)	6.4(355)	0.406
1-2	6.6(1,254)	6.5(1,280)	0.103
3+	6.5(1,347)	6.4(1,326)	0.486
Current work status			
No	6.4(1,447)	6.2(1,433)	0.074
Yes	6.7(1,424)	6.6(1,445)	0.494
Tenure			
No	6.7(274)	6.3(248)	0.205
Yes	6.6(2,659)	6.5(2,687)	0.151
Housing satisfaction			
Low	6.4(1,001)	6.3(980)	0.457
Medium	6.6(1,089)	6.5(1,092)	0.206
High	6.6(854)	6.5(873)	0.313
Neighbourhood Social Cohesion			
Low	6.5(1,206)	6.4(1,189)	0.165
Medium	6.6(773)	6.5(780)	0.305
High	6.6(967)	6.5(977)	0.639
Neighbourhood satisfaction	6.5(070)	6.0(00.4)	0.457
No	6.5(878)	6.3(884)	0.157
Yes	6.6(2,058)	6.5(2,055)	0.291
Moderator variables (below) from 2021			
Social support			
Low	6.5(940)	6.4(922)	0.372
Medium	6.6(981)	6.4(998)	0.096
High	6.7(973)	6.6(992)	0.471
Care giving			
No	6.7(2,280)	6.5(2,299)	0.043*
Yes	6.2(540)	6.1(535)	0.752
Household composition	6.2/570	C 4 (E 70)	0.265
Live alone	6.2(578)	6.1(578)	0.365
Live with others	6.7(2,349)	6.5(2,363)	0.091
Current work status	C 4(4 F2 4)	C 2/1 F 40)	0.050
No	6.4(1,534)	6.3(1,540)	0.059
Yes	6.8(1,275)	6.6(1,296)	0.312
Total  Note: weighted analysis: total number varies between cat	6.6(2,963)	6.4(2,971)	0.076

Table 11: Comparison of changes marital status, employment and housing tenure between the 2020 and 2021 survey waves.

	Wave 2020 (n=3,797)	Wave 2021 (n=3,797)	p-value
	% (n)	% (n)	
Marital status			
Married or <i>de facto</i>	73.9(2,764)	73.2(2,728)	0.606
Not married or <i>de facto</i>	26.1(993)	26.8(1,026)	
<b>Current work status</b>			
No	52.8(1,896)	56.0(2,007)	0.032*
Yes	47.2(1,748)	44.0(1,565)	
Home owner			
No	8.0(385)	8.2(378)	0.821
Yes	92.0(3,358)	91.8(3,347)	



## APPENDIX 2: STANDARDISED MEASURES USED IN THE ANALYSES

#### **OUTCOME VARIABLES**

#### **Physical and Mental Health**

The Optum™ SF-12v2® Health Survey comprises 12 items forming eight subscales. To assess physical health, four subscales (General Health [one item], Physical Functioning [two items], Role Physical [two items], and Bodily Pain [one item]) were combined. To assess mental health, four subscales (Vitality [one item], Social Functioning [one item], Role Emotional [two items], and Mental Health [two items]) were combined (Ware, Keller, & Kosinski, 1998). These physical and mental health component scores were calculated using normative subscale scores for the New Zealand population derived from the 2008 New Zealand General Social Survey, and factor score coefficients derived from the 2006-2007 New Zealand Health Survey (Frieling, Davis, & Chiang, 2013).

## **Quality of Life and Life Satisfaction**

Quality of Life and Life Satisfaction were each assessed with a single item on a 5-point scale (scored 1-5): How would you rate your quality of life? Very poor (1) to Very good (5); All things considered, how satisfied are you with your life as a whole these days? Very dissatisfied (1) to Very satisfied (5)

#### **Depression**

Depression symptom frequency was assessed using the 10-item Center for Epidemiologic Studies Depression Scale (CES-D10: Andresen, Malmgren, Carter, & Patrick, 1994), designed for assessment of older adult populations in epidemiological studies. Participants indicated the frequency with which they had experienced each of ten symptoms of depression in the past 7 days. Items were recoded and summed such that higher scores indicated greater depression symptom frequency (range 0-30).

#### **Anxiety**

Symptoms of anxiety were assessed with the Geriatric Anxiety Inventory short form (GAI-SF: Byrne & Pachana, 2011), designed for the assessment of older adult populations in epidemiological studies. The GAI-SF comprises five questions assessing the presence of symptoms of anxiety in the past seven days against response options coded 0 (No) or 1 (Yes) with a summed total score range 0-5.

#### **Loneliness**

The six-item de Jong Gierveld Loneliness Scale was used to assess experience of social and emotional loneliness (Gierveld & Tilburg, 2006).



Participants indicated the degree to which three items reflecting experiences of social loneliness (sample item: "there are plenty of people I can rely on when I have problems") and three items reflecting experiences of emotional loneliness (sample item: "I experience a general sense of emptiness") applied to the way they feel now. Response options were "yes", "more or less" or "no". Items were recoded to provide a binary item score indicating any experience of loneliness, and item scores summed to indicate greater experiences of loneliness (range 0-6).

#### **Health Related Behaviours**

Alcohol use. Alcohol consumption was operationalised with the Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test-Concise (AUDIT-C; Bush et al., 1998),



a brief 3-item screener for detecting risky drinking behaviours at early stages. Respondents were asked how often they drink, how many drinks they consume in a typical day and how often they have six or more drinks on one occasion, with answers on a 5-point rating scale. Total scores range from 0-12, with higher numbers indicating a greater alcohol-related risk.

Moderate physical activity was categorised as a dichotomous variable. If respondents reported moderately energetic activity (e.g., gardening, brisk walking) at least "one to three times a month" the score was 1, and if "hardly ever or never" the score was 0.

Regular tobacco use was also categorized as a dichotomous variable: Currently a regular smoker (1 = yes) or not a regular smoker (0 = no).



#### **MODERATOR VARIABLES**

#### **Economic wellbeing**

Economic wellbeing was assessed using the Economic Living Standards Index short form (ELSI-SF), a non-incomes approach to material wellbeing (Jensen, Spittal, & Krishnan, 2005). Scores range from 0-31, with higher scores indicating better living standards. Scores were categorised as indicative of 'hardship' (0-16), 'comfortable' (17-24), or 'good' (25-31) material living standards.

#### **Chronic Health Conditions**

Participants reported whether a health professional had ever told them that they had any of the following fourteen conditions: Arthritis or rheumatism; Disorders of the neck or back; Diabetes; Disability; Heart trouble (e.g., angina or heart attack); High blood pressure or hypertension; Depression; Other mental illness; Respiratory condition (e.g., bronchitis, asthma); Sleep disorder; Stroke; Active or chronic gout; Active/chronic hepatitis, cirrhosis or other liver condition; Cancer. The number of conditions reported by participants was coded as 0, 1-2, or 3 or more conditions.

#### **Social Support**

The Social Provisions Scale (Cutrona & Russell, 1987) assesses the degree to which respondent's social relationships provide various dimensions of social support that is theorized in terms of six dimensions of relational provisions: attachment, social integration, reassurance of worth, reliable alliance, guidance, and opportunity for nurturance. Each subscale comprises four items, answered on a 4-point scale (1 = strongly disagree and 4 = strongly agree). Items were combined and a composite measure of social provisions created (range 24-96). This composite score was divided into tertiles where low values indicate LOW Social Support.

#### **Housing and Neighbourhood**

Housing Tenure was a dichotomous variable. Home ownership including ownership with and without a mortgage and license to occupy was coded Yes, while all other forms of tenure were coded No.

Housing Satisfaction. Satisfaction with the home was assessed with eight items adapted from Heywood, Oldman, and Means (2002) and Oswald et al. (2006) to cover general satisfaction (e.g., "My home meets all my needs"), housing quality ("I am able to keep my house warm"), and social provisions of housing (e.g., "My house enables me to see friends and family as often as I like"), all anchored at 1 = no, definitely not and 5 = yes, definitely. Item scores were summed to provide a composite measure of housing satisfaction. This score was divided into tertiles where low values indicate LOW Housing Satisfaction.

**Neighbourhood Satisfaction** was assessed with a single item ('I am satisfied with my neighborhood'), on a scale of 1 'no, definitely not' to 5 'yes, definitely'. The response 'yes, definitely' was considered as YES and the rest as NO.

Neighbourhood Social Cohesion. The Trust subscale of the neighbourhood social cohesion tool (Stafford et al., 2003) has six items (e.g., "Most people in this area can be trusted"), assessed on a 5-point scale anchored at 1 = strongly disagree and 5 = strongly agree. For this analysis the scores on each item were summed and the final score divided into tertiles where low values indicate LOW Neighbourhood Social Cohesion. The scale has demonstrated internal consistency and construct validity (Stafford et al., 2003) and shown to be a reliable indicator of neighbourhood satisfaction in Aotearoa (e.g., Stephens et al., 2020).

#### **REFERENCES**

Andresen, E. M., Malmgren, J. A., Carter, W. B., & Patrick, D. L. (1994). Screening for depression in well older adults: evaluation of a short form of the CES-D (Center for Epidemiologic Studies Depression Scale). *Am J Prev Med*, 10(2), 77-84.

Bush, K., Kivlahan, D. R., McDonell, M. B., Fihn, S. D., Bradley, K. A., & Ambulatory Care Quality Improvement Project (ACQUIP. (1998). The AUDIT alcohol consumption questions (AUDIT-C): an effective brief screening test for problem drinking. *Archives of internal medicine*, 158(16), 1789-1795.

Byrne, G. I., & Pachana, N. A. (2011). Development and validation of a short form of the Geriatric Anxiety Inventory - the GAI-SF. *International Psychogeriatrics*, 23(1), 125-131. doi:https://doi.org/10.1017/S1041610210001237

Cutrona, C. E., & Russell, D. W. (1987). The provisions of social relationships and adaptation to stress. In W. H. Jones & D. Perlman (Eds.), *Advances in personal relationships*. Greenwich: JAI Press.

Frieling, M. A., Davis, W. R., & Chiang, G. (2013). The SF-36v2 and SF-12v2 health surveys in New Zealand: norms, scoring coefficients and cross-country comparisons. *Australian and New Zealand journal of public health*, 37(1), 24-31.

Gierveld, J. D. J., & Tilburg, T. V. (2006). A 6-item scale for overall, emotional, and social loneliness: Confirmatory tests on survey data. *Research on Aging*, 28(5), 582-598.

Jensen, J., Spittal, M., & Krishnan, V. (2005). *ELSI Short Form. User Manual for a direct measure of living standards.* Wellington, NZ: New Zealand Ministry of Social Development.

Oswald, F., Schilling, O., Wahl, H.-W., Fänge, A., Sixsmith, J., & Iwarsson, S. (2006). Homeward bound: Introducing a four-domain model of perceived housing in very old age. *Journal of Environmental Psychology*, 26(3), 187-201.

Stafford, M., Bartley, M., Sacker, A., Marmot, M., Wilkinson, R., Boreham, R., & Thomas, R. (2003). Measuring the social environment: social cohesion and material deprivation in English and Scottish neighbourhoods. *Environment and Planning A*, 35(8), 1459-1475.

Stephens, C., Allen, J., Keating, N., Szabó, Á., & Alpass, F. (2020). Neighborhood environments and intrinsic capacity interact to affect the health-related quality of life of older people in New Zealand. *Maturitas*, 139, 1-5.

Ware, J. E., Keller, S. D., & Kosinski, M. (1998). Sf-12: How to Score the Sf-12 *Physical and Mental Health Summary Scales:* QualityMetric Incorporated.

# APPENDIX 3: 2021 QUESTIONNAIRE ITEMS

## YOUR HEALTH, WELLBEING AND QUALITY OF LIFE

(SF12 items removed for copyright reasons)

In general, would you	ı say your health i	s: <b>(Please cross</b> (	one box)		
Excellent	Very good	Good		Fair	Poor
All things considered	, how satisfied are	you with your l	ife as a whole t	hese days? ( <i>Pleas</i>	e cross one box)
Very dissatisfied	Dissatisfied	Neither sat nor dissat	tisfied So isfied	atisfied V	ery satisfied
How would you rate	your quality of life	? (Please cross	one box)		
Very poor	Poor	Neither g	good or	Good	Very good
The following	questions are a	bout activities	you might do	during a typical o	lay.
Q10 Below is a list of have felt this way <b>du</b>	•	•	elt or behaved.	Please indicate h	ow often you
(Please cross one bo	x on each line)	Rarely or none of the time	Some or a little of the time	Occasionally or a moderate amount of the time	All of the time
I was bothered by th usually don't bother					
I had trouble keepin what I was doing.	g my mind on				
I felt depressed.					
I felt that everything effort.	I did was an				
I felt hopeful about	he future.				
I felt fearful.					
My sleep was restles	SS.				
I was happy.					
I felt lonely.					
I could not "get goin	g."				

_	Has a health profess told you that you ha	No	Ye	es 📗			
Q17	Do you usually recei	ve the seasonal flu va	ccine? <i>(Pled</i>	ise cross o	ne box)		
	Yes, every year	Yes, every other year	Yes, with past 5 y		No, not in past 5 yea		Never
	Have you received a coronavirus? (Please	vaccine against the C cross one box)	OVID-19		No	Ye	es 📗
Q19a	-	ived a vaccine against ( <i>Please cross one box</i> )		19 coronav	virus, do you	intend to get o	one when it
	Definitely	Probab	ly	Proba	bly not	Definit	ely not
	If you <b>do not</b> intend ( <i>Please cross all that</i>	to get the COVID-19 v	accine as so	on as you	are able, car	n you tell us wh	y?
		e it will be effective me from COVID-19	Ш р			ether the vacci n COVID-19 in t	
	I am concern effects of the	ed about known side- vaccine.		worry the raccine.	re will be unl	known side-eff	ects of the
		t to see if it causes and ems for others.			nay affect my my health wo	health in othe orse overall.	r ways and
	1 1	he vaccine will adverse sting medical conditions.	ກ໌			formation on t of the COVID-	
	I don't trust a	ny vaccines.		am not su	re how to ge	et the vaccine.	
	Other (please	specify):					
	• .	estions are about yo Please cross the box					urs.
Q20	How often do you ta	ike part in sports or ac	ctivities that	are:			
	(Please cross one bo	ox on each line)	0	re than nce a week	Once a week	One to three times a month	Hardly ever or never
	vigorous (e.g., rur aerobics)	nning or jogging, swim	ming,				
	moderately energy walking)	getic (e.g., gardening, b	orisk				
	mildly energetic (owashing)	e.g., vacuuming, laund	lry/				

(Please cross one box on each line)	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly agree
I have a system of values and beliefs that guide my daily activities.				
I have a philosophy of life that helps me understand who I am.				
I feel like I am living fully.				
I feel I have found a really significant meaning in life.				
In my life, I have clear goals and aims.				
I have a sense of direction and purpose in life.				
I feel good when I think of what I have done in the past.				
I am at peace with my past.				

## WHĀNAU, FAMILY AND FRIENDS

**Q26** Please indicate for each of the statements below, the extent to which they apply to the way you feel now?

(Please cross one box on each line)	Yes	More or less	No
I experience a general sense of emptiness.			
There are plenty of people I can rely on when I have problems.			
There are many people I can trust completely.			
There are enough people I feel close to.			
I miss having people around.			
I often feel rejected.			

**Q27** Think about your current relationships with friends, whānau/family members, co-workers, community members and so on. To what extent do you agree that each statement describes your current relationships with other people?

relationships with other people:				
(Please cross one box on each line)	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly agree
There are people I can depend on to help me if I really need it.				
I feel that I do not have close personal relationships with other people.				
There is no one I can turn to for guidance in times of stress.				
There are people who depend on me for help.				
There are people who enjoy the same social activities I do.				
Other people do not view me as competent.				
I feel personally responsible for the well-being of another person.				
I feel part of a group of people who share my attitudes and beliefs.				
I do not think other people respect my skills and abilities.				
If something went wrong, no one would come to my assistance.				
I have close relationships that provide me with a sense of emotional security and well-being.				
There is someone I could talk to about important decisions in my life.				
I have relationships where my competence and skills are recognised.				
There is no one who shares my interests and concerns.				
There is no one who really relies on me for their wellbeing.				

027	C-	4:	
027	CO	ntin	uea

	(Please cross one box on each line)	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly agree
	There is a trustworthy person I could turn to for advice if I were having problems.				
	I feel a strong emotional bond with at least one other person.				
	There is no one I can depend on for aid if I really need it.				
	There is no one I feel comfortable talking about problems with.				
	There are people who admire my talents and abilities.				
	I lack a feeling of intimacy with another person.				
	There is no one who likes to do the things I do.				
	There are people I can count on in an emergency.				
	No one needs me to care for them.				
Q28	Do you provide unpaid care for:				
	·	Yes, eekly occ	Yes, casionally	No, never	Not applicable (I have none)
	Your mokopuna/ grandchildren?				
	Other people's whāngai/children?				
Q29	How many hours do you contribute to volunteer	activities per	week?	Hours per	week
Q30	To what extent has the COVID-19 pandemic had <i>(Please cross one box)</i>	a negative eff	ect on your vol	unteering ac	tivities?
	Not at all			A	great deal
Q31	Please check the ways in which you keep in touclockdown. ( <i>Please cross all that apply</i> )	h with others	outside your h	ousehold du	ring periods of
	Phone (voice or text)	Pos	st		
	Email		eo/voice calls ( eTime)	e.g. Zoom, Sl	kype,
	Social media (e.g. Facebook, blogging)	Tal	king while socia	al distancing	
	Instant messaging applications (e.g. Facel	oook Messeng	er, WhatsApp,	Messenger,	Signal)
	Other (please specify):				

#### **CAREGIVING**

(Please cross one box)

Not at all

These questions are about providing care for someone with a long-term illness, disability or frailty. By 'providing care', we mean practical assistance for at least 3 hours a week. **Q32** Have you provided care for someone with a long-term Yes No illness, disability or frailty within the last 12 months? (Please cross one box) If 'No', please leave Q33-Q38 blank and go to Q39 Q33 Approximately how old is/was the person you care(d) for? Years **Q34** How long have/had you been caring for this person? **Months** Years **Q35** How often on average do (did) you provide this care or assistance? (*Please cross one box*) **Every day** Several times per Once a week Once every few Less often week weeks **Q36** Does/did the person you care(d) for: (*Please cross one box*) Live with you Live alone Live with their whānau/family Live in a nursing home or care facility Live with their friends Other Q37 Does/did the person you care(d) for have any of the following major medical conditions or disabilities? (Please cross all that apply) Frailty in old age Stroke Intellectual disability Mental health problem (e.g., depression) Visual impairment Cancer Alzheimer's disease/dementia Respiratory condition (e.g., asthma, emphysema) Severe arthritis / rheumatism Other (Please specify): **Q38** To what extent has the COVID-19 pandemic had a negative effect on your ability to provide care?

A great deal

## WHERE YOU LIVE

Q39	Which one of the following options best describes the type of residence that you currently live in (your primary residence)? ( <i>Please cross one box</i> )
	House or townhouse (detached or 'stand alone')
	House, townhouse, unit or apartment (joined to one or more other houses, townhouses, units or apartments)
	Unit, villa or apartment in Retirement Village
	Moveable dwelling (e.g., caravan, motor home, boat, tent)
	Rest home or continuing care hospital
	Other (Please specify):
Q40	In terms of the ownership arrangements your primary residence is: (Please cross one box)
	Owned by yourself and/or spouse/partner with a mortgage
	Owned by yourself and/or spouse/partner without a mortgage
	Owned by whānau/family
	Owned by a whānau/family trust
	Private rental
	State, Council or Kaumātua housing
	Licence to occupy
	Other (Please specify):
Q41	How long have you lived in your present home? Years Months

## WORK AND RETIREMENT

Q42	Since the COVID-19 pandemic was declared by the World Health Organisation (WH	O) on March ´	11, 2020:
	(Please cross one box on each line)	Yes	No
	Have you engaged in any paid employment?		
	Have you been considered an essential worker?		
	Have you worked from home?		
	Has your hourly wage or salary been reduced?		
	Have your hours of paid employment been reduced?		
	Have you lost or left your job?		
	Have you been offered skills training from your employer to support how you do your job during the COVID-19 pandemic?		
Q43	Have you received any hardship assistance as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic?		
	(Please cross one box on each line)	Yes	No
	Government assistance to support your business (if applicable)		
	Government assistance such as welfare benefits		
	Material assistance from non-government organisations, such as food banks		
	Assistance from lenders, such as a mortgage holiday from your bank		
	A Kiwisaver hardship withdrawal		
Q44	Has/will the COVID-19 pandemic be a factor in your decision to retire (i.e., earlier o previously planned)?	r later than yo	u had
	Yes, plan to retire <i>earlier</i> No change to plans Yes,	plan to retir	e later
Q45	How many hours do you currently work in paid employment per week?	Years	
Q46	How long have you worked for your current employer?		
	Years Months OR N/A, I do not work for	an employe	r
Q47	If you are self-employed, how long have you been self-employed?		
	Years Months OR N/A, I am not self-emp	oloyed	
Q48	If you are retired, at what age did you retire?		
	Age at retirement OR I am not retired		

0.0	Which of the follo	wing best describes	VOUR CURRENT WORL	ctatus? (Dlanc	a cross one hov
ロサン		MILIE DEST RESCUIDES	voui <b>cuiteii</b> t woir	Status: IFICUS	e ci uss ulle bux

Full-time paid work, for an employer	
Part-time paid work, for an employer	
Full-time self-employed paid employment	
Part-time self-employed paid employment	
Flexible work schedule negotiated with employer	
Project or contract work (short term and full time)	
Project or contract work (short term and part time)	
Fully retired, no paid work	
Full-time homemaker	
Full-time student	
Unable to work due to health or disability issue	
Unemployed and seeking work	
Other (Please specify):	

### YOUR FINANCIAL WELLBEING

Have a holiday overseas at least every

Have a night out for entertainment or socialising at least once a fortnight Have whānau/family or friends over for a meal at least once every few months

three years

Q51

Q50

For the following questions, please indicate	whether or not	you have (or ha	ive access to) the	e item:		
(Please cross one box on each line)	Yes, I have it	No, because I don't want it	No, because of the cost	No, for some other reason		
Telephone						
Washing machine						
At least two pair of good shoes						
Suitable clothes for important or special occasions						
Personal computer						
Home contents insurance						
Enough room for whānau/family to stay the night						
For the following questions, please indicate whether or not you do the activity:						
(Please cross one box on each line)	Yes, I have it	No, because I don't want it	No, because of the cost	No, for some other reason		
Keep the main rooms of your home adequately heated						
Give presents to whānau/family or friends on birthdays, Christmas or other special occasions						
Visit the hairdresser at least once every three months						
Have holidays away from home for at least a week every year						

			in Aotearoa.			
Q52	The following are a list done any of these thing		pple do to help keep cos	sts down. In the	last 12 mont	hs, have you
	(Please cross one box	on each line)		Not at all	A little	A lot
	keep down costs		and vegetables to help			
	Continued wearing clo couldn't afford a repla	acement	·			
	Put off buying clothes down costs	for as long as pos	sible to help keep			
	Stayed in bed longer t	to save on heating	costs			
	Postponed or put off costs	visits to the doctor	to help keep down			
	NOT picked up a pres	cription to help ke	ep down costs			
	Spent less time on ho down costs	bbies than you wo	uld like to help keep			
	Gone without or cut be places to help keep do		shops or other local			
	following questions a ur material standard of Generally, how would	of living does NO1 your	include your capacit health into account.	y to enjoy life.	You should	-
			char standard of living:	(1 Icase cross o	ne box)	
	High	Fairly high	Medium	Fairly low		Low
	High	Fairly high				Low
Q54	High  Generally, how satisfie		Medium	Fairly low		
Q54			Medium	Fairly low	(Please cross	
Q54	Generally, how satisfie	d are you with you	Medium  r current material stan  Neither satisfied	Fairly low	(Please cross	s one box)
Q54 Q55	Generally, how satisfie	d are you with you  Satisfied  tal income meet yo	Medium  r current material stan  Neither satisfied  nor dissatisfied  our everyday needs for	Fairly low  Indard of living?  Dissatisfied	(Please cross Very d	s one box) issatisfied
	Generally, how satisfie  Very satisfied  How well does your to	d are you with you  Satisfied  tal income meet yo	Medium  Ir current material stan  Neither satisfied  nor dissatisfied  our everyday needs for cross one box)	Fairly low  Indard of living?  Dissatisfied	(Please cross Very d	issatisfied tion, food,
	Generally, how satisfied  Very satisfied  How well does your to clothing and other necessity.	d are you with you  Satisfied  tal income meet you essities? (Please	Medium  Ir current material stan  Neither satisfied  nor dissatisfied  our everyday needs for cross one box)	Fairly low  Indard of living?  Dissatisfied  Such things as	(Please cross  Very d	issatisfied tion, food,
	Generally, how satisfied  Very satisfied  How well does your to clothing and other necessity.	satisfied  Satisfied  tal income meet years (Please Just end	Medium  Ir current material stan  Neither satisfied  nor dissatisfied  our everyday needs for cross one box)  ough  En	Fairly low  Indard of living?  Dissatisfied  Such things as a cough	(Please cross  Very d  accommodate  More than	issatisfied tion, food,

### YOUR PERSONAL SITUATION

Q57	What gender do you	identify as? (Please	cross one box)			
	Tāne/Male					
	Wāhine/Fema	ale				
	Gender diver	se (please specify):				
Q58	When were you born	n?				
	Day	Month	1 9	Year		
Q59	Which one of these statements is true about you? (Please answer for your <b>current</b> marriage, partnership or situation). ( <i>Please cross one box</i> )					
	I am married			I am a	widow or widow	/er.
	I am in a civil	union/de facto/partn	ered relationship.	I am s	ingle.	
	I am divorced	d or permanently sep	arated from my lega	l husband or wife.		
Q60	Please cross as many options as you need to indicate all the people who live in the same household as you. Please also put in the number of people. If you live alone, please cross the option at the top of the table.					
	(Please cross all tha	at apply)				mber eople
	I live alone					
	My spouse or partr	ner				
	My parent(s) and/o	r parent(s)-in-law				
	My son(s) and/or da	aughter(s)				
	My sister(s) and/or	brother(s)				
	My mokopuna/grar	ndchild(ren)				
	Other relatives not	listed above				
	Other people not lis	sted above				
Q61	Please rate the quality of the information you received from health and government authorities throughout the pandemic (March 2020 to present) ( <i>Please cross one box</i> )					
	Excellent	Very good	Good	Fair	Poor	

Thank you for your responses to this survey