



# Understanding sheep milk composition in the NZ environment

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## Research Objective 1.1; Understanding product characteristics

***Question: What are the effects of seasonality, ewe lactation status, farm of origin, and breed on the composition, physico-chemical properties, and nutritional value of NZ sheep milk and the consequent effects of processing, storage, and desired product qualities?***

### **Outcomes:**

Information on nutritional characteristics of sheep milk produced at all stages of the year;

- animal management
- product development
- marketing
- regulatory/compliance purposes.



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## Mobile sampling



Full milking volume from each animal at each collection time



# Composition Study;

400 Individual milk samples; 300 random samples

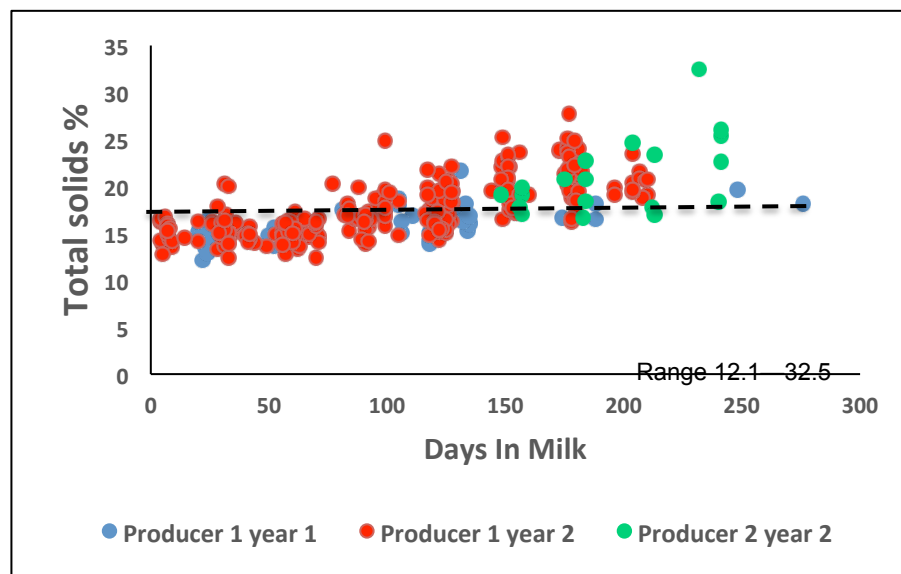
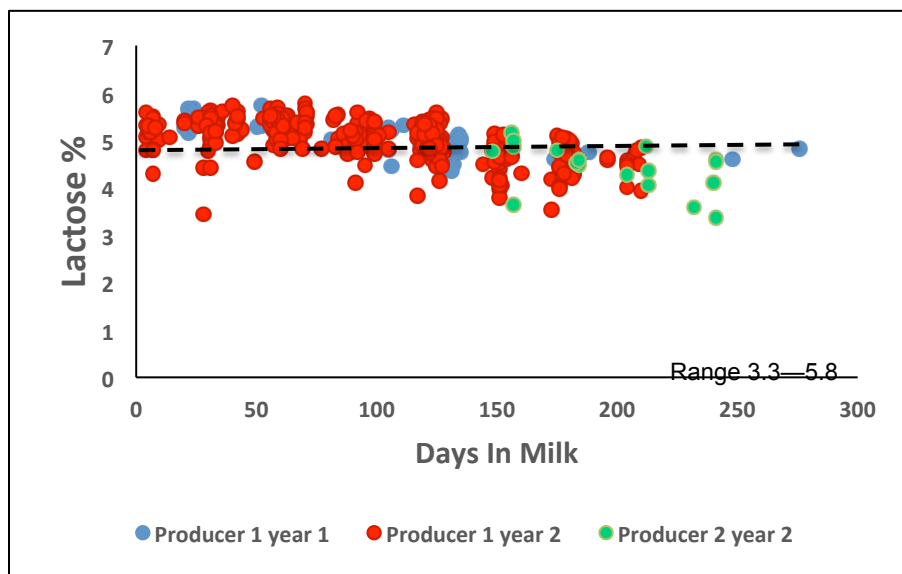
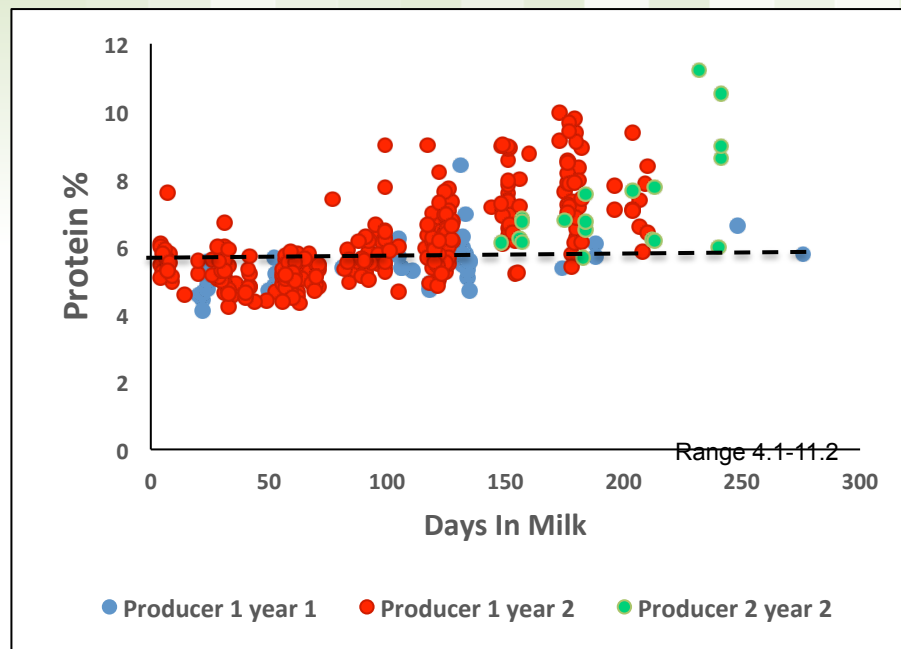
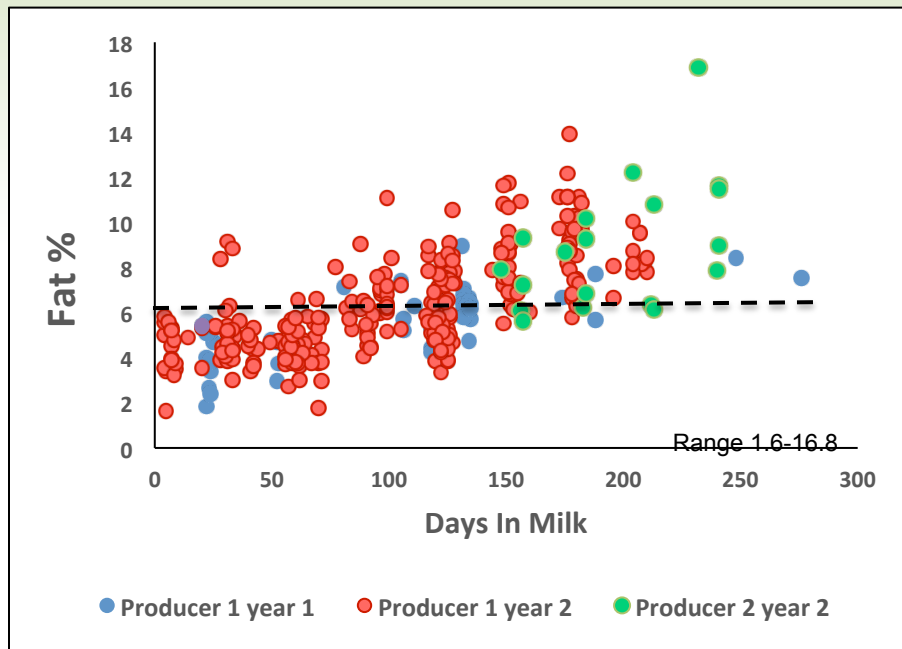
Age selected animals

Lactation cycle selected animals

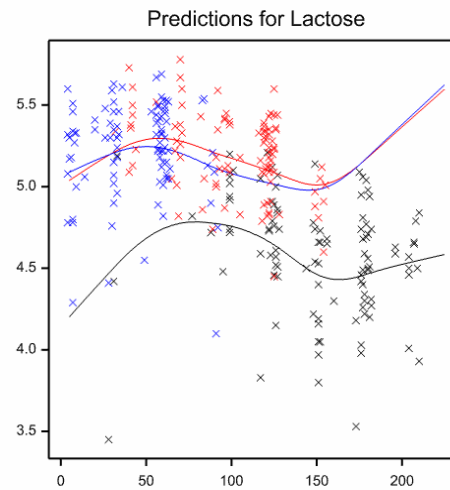
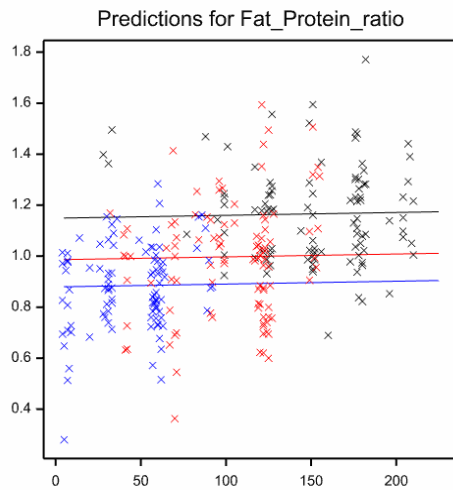
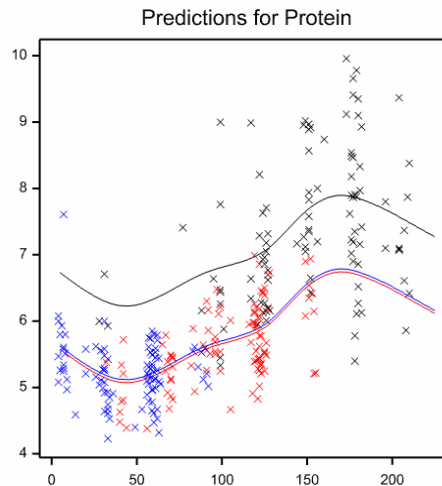
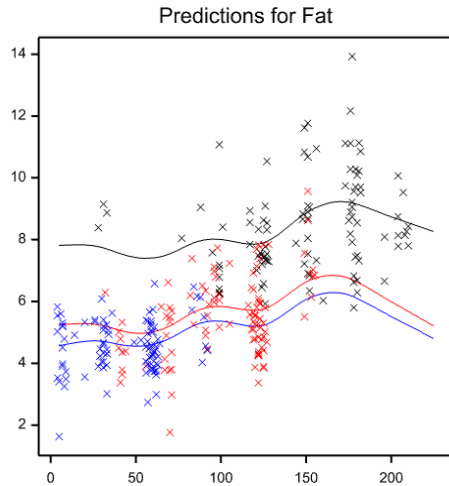
Mixed genetics / selected genetics

Variability of major milk components; lactation cycle (DIM),  
animal age (lactation No)  
calendar month

# Composition results;



# Composition results;



Fitted Y v DIM collection 1 — Spring  
Fitted Y v DIM collection 2 — Summer  
Fitted Y v DIM collection 3 — Autumn

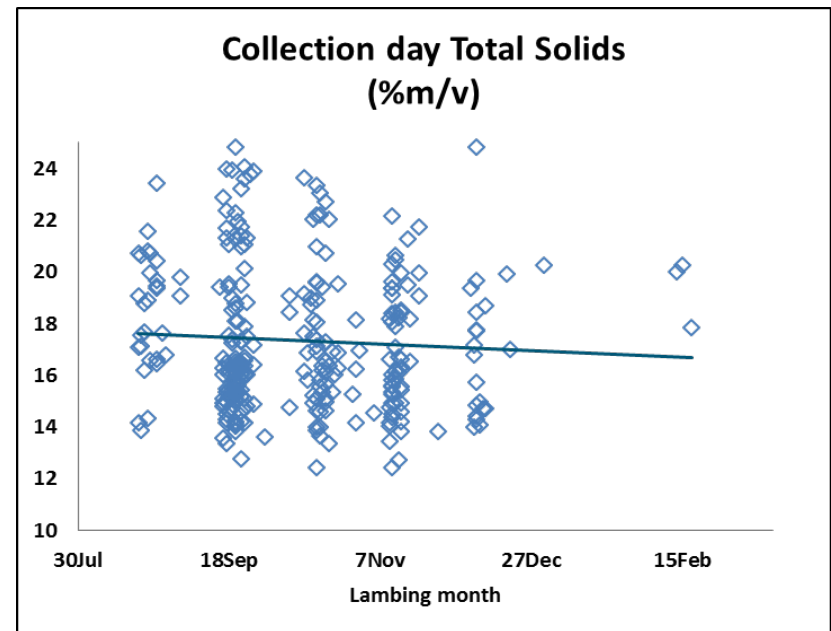
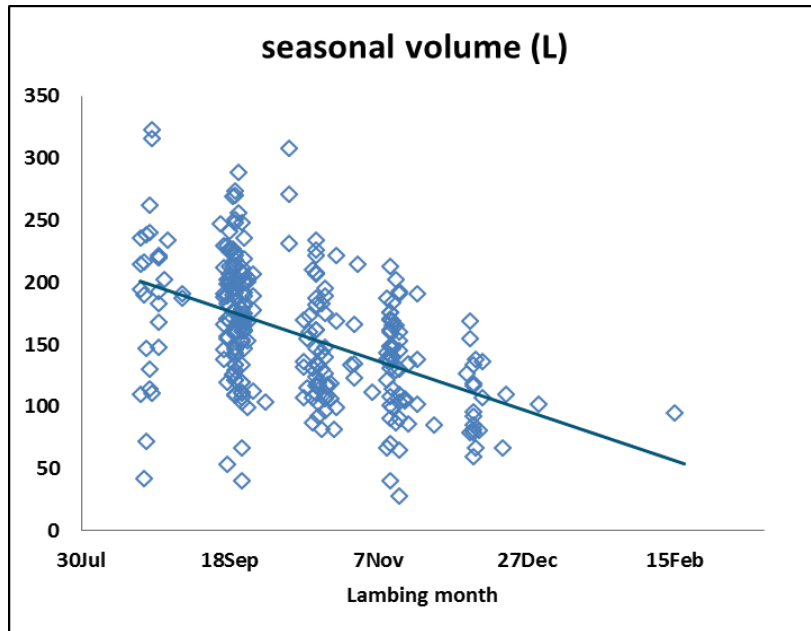
No significance of age of animal

DIM significant

Calendar month significant

# Composition results;

Effect of lambing month on season volume and total solids concentration





# Sheep study and cow milk comparison

Component	NZ Sheep milk		Cow milk*
	Range	Average	
<b>Total protein (%)</b>	4.1 – 11.2	6.1	3.0 – 3.9
<b>Casein</b>	4.1 – 5.0	4.7	2.5 – 2.8
<b>Whey</b>	0.78 – 1.40	1.0	0.55 – 0.70
<b>Non-protein nitrogen</b>	0.04 – 0.05	0.046	0.03 – 0.04
<b>Fat (%)</b>	1.6 – 16.3	6.3	3.3 – 5.0
<b>Phospholipids (%)</b>	0.03 – 0.12	0.053	0.01 – 0.03**
<b>Cholesterol (mg/100mL)</b>	10 – 23	15	13 – 31
<b>Lactose</b>	3.4 – 5.5	4.9	4.4 – 5.6
<b>Ash</b>	0.89 – 0.93	0.91	0.7 – 0.8
<b>Total solids</b>	12.1 – 32.5	17.4	11.8 – 13.0
<b>Water (by diff)</b>	78.3 – 84.7	81.9	87.0 – 88.2

\*Claeys, W. L. et al(2014). Consumption of raw or heated milk from different species: An evaluation of the nutritional and potential health benefits. *Food Control*, 42(0), 188-201.

\*\*adapted from Braun M et al. Quantification of phospholipids in infant formula and growing up milk by high-performance liquid chromatography with evaporative light scattering detector. *Journal of AOAC International*. 2010;93(3):948-55. Epub 2010/07/16

# Summary

- Component composition;  
variability driven by fat and protein content = high total solids  
effect Lactation cycle (DIM) and calendar month -processing impacts
- Averaged composition consistent across NZ producers, across years and with reported levels
- Studies to address the impact of processing on composition underway  
input into optimisation of storage and processing conditions.